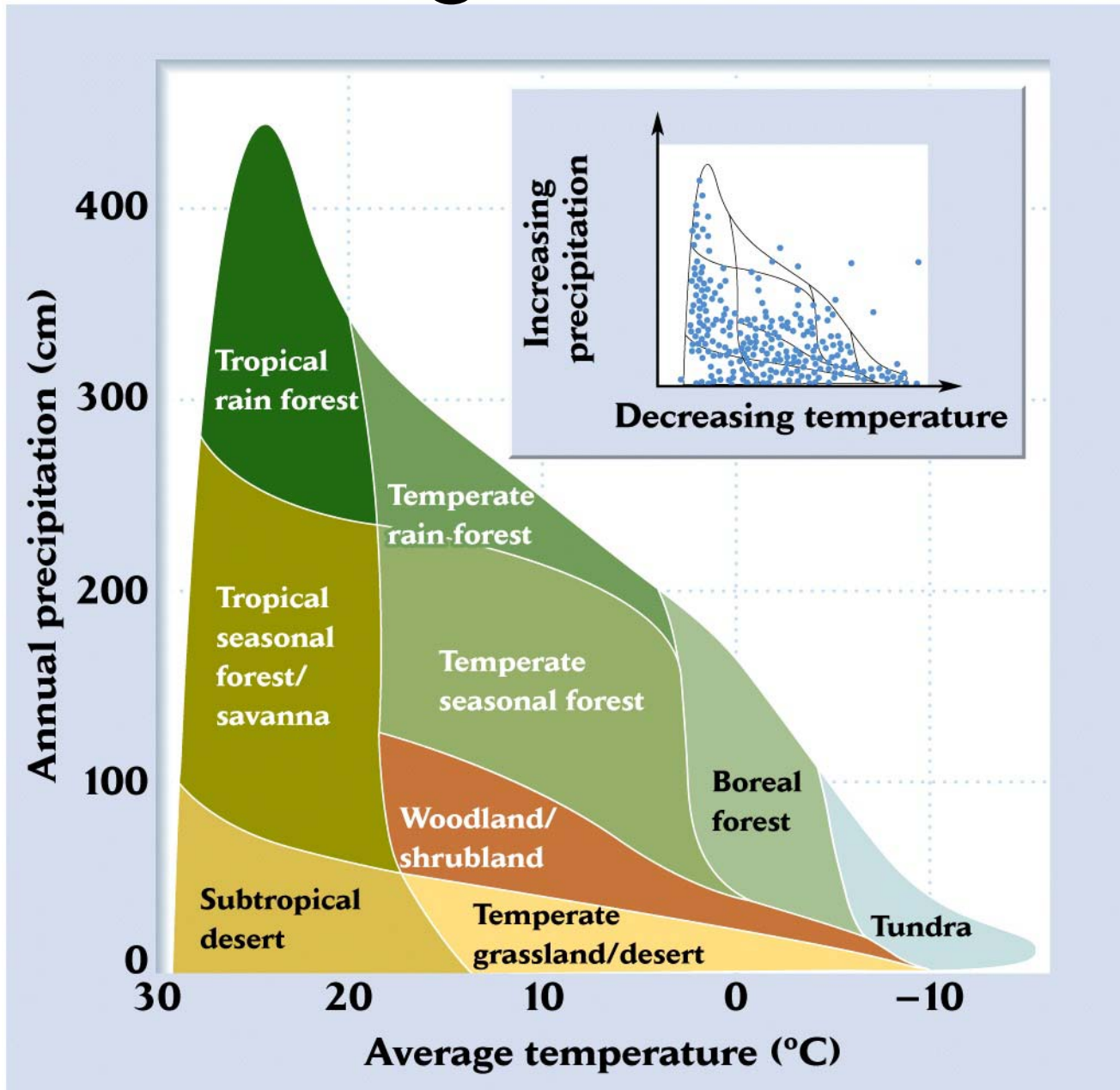


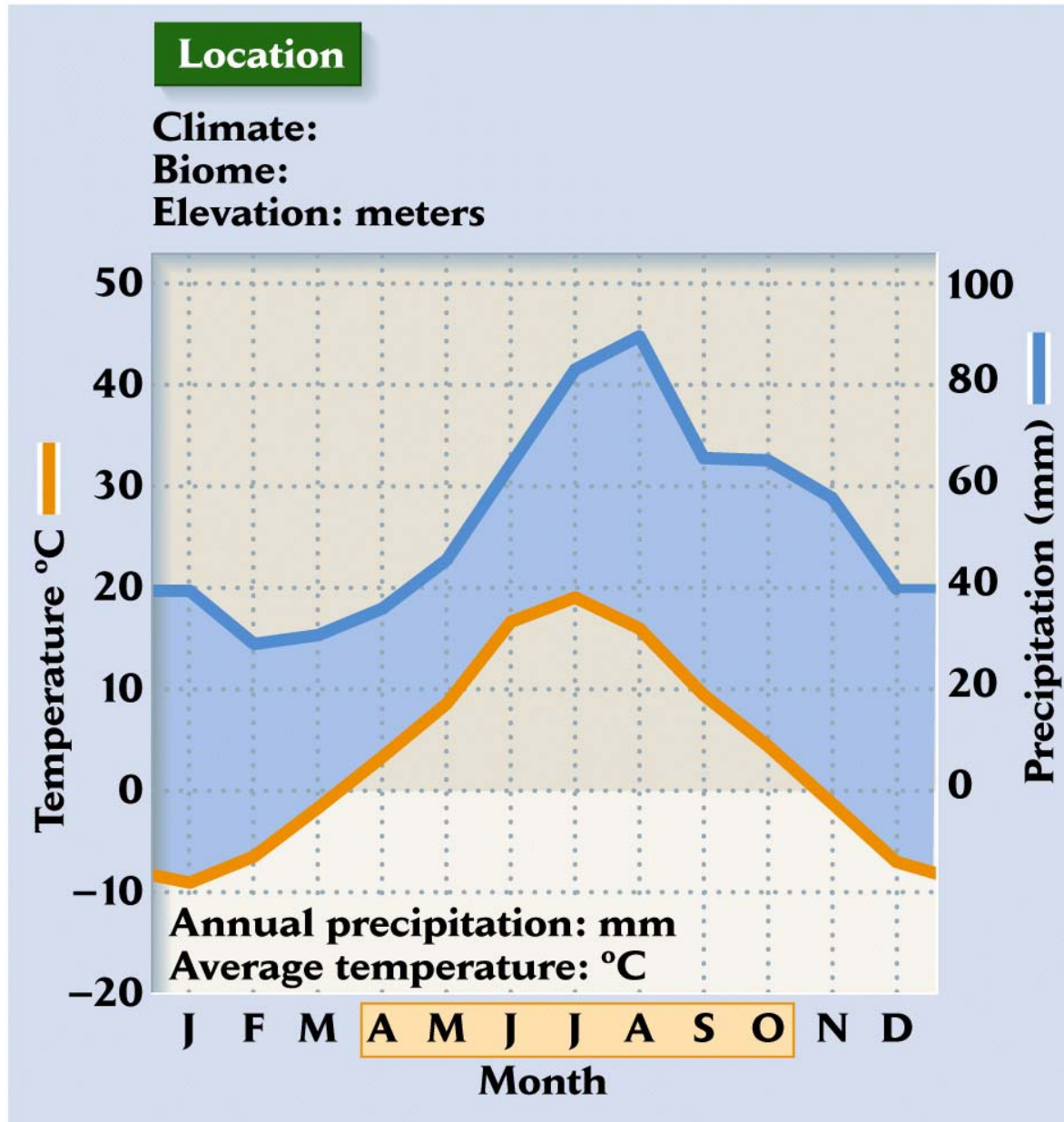
# Figure 5.8

Biome name	Climate zone	Vegetation
<b>Tropical rain forest</b>	<b>I Equatorial: Always moist and lacking temperature seasonality</b>	<b>Evergreen tropical rain forest</b>
<b>Tropical seasonal forest/savanna</b>	<b>II Tropical: Summer rainy season and "winter" dry season</b>	<b>Seasonal forest, scrub, or savanna</b>
<b>Subtropical desert</b>	<b>III Subtropical (hot deserts): Highly seasonal, arid climate</b>	<b>Desert vegetation with considerable exposed surface</b>
<b>Woodland/shrubland</b>	<b>IV Mediterranean: Winter rainy season and summer drought</b>	<b>Scerophyllous (drought-adapted), frost-sensitive shrublands and woodlands</b>
<b>Temperate rain forest</b>	<b>V Warm temperate: Occasional frost, often with summer rainfall maximum</b>	<b>Temperate evergreen forest, somewhat frost-sensitive</b>
<b>Temperate seasonal forest</b>	<b>VI Nemoral: Moderate climate with winter freezing</b>	<b>Frost-resistant, decidous, temperate forest</b>
<b>Temperate grassland/desert</b>	<b>VII Continental (cold deserts): Arid, with warm or hot summers and cold winters</b>	<b>Grasslands and temperate deserts</b>
<b>Boreal forest</b>	<b>VIII Boreal: Cold temperate with cool summers and long winters</b>	<b>Evergreen, frost-hardy needle-leaved forest (taiga)</b>
<b>Tundra</b>	<b>IX Polar: Very short, cool summers and long, very cold winters</b>	<b>Low, evergreen vegetation, without trees, growing over permanently frozen soils</b>

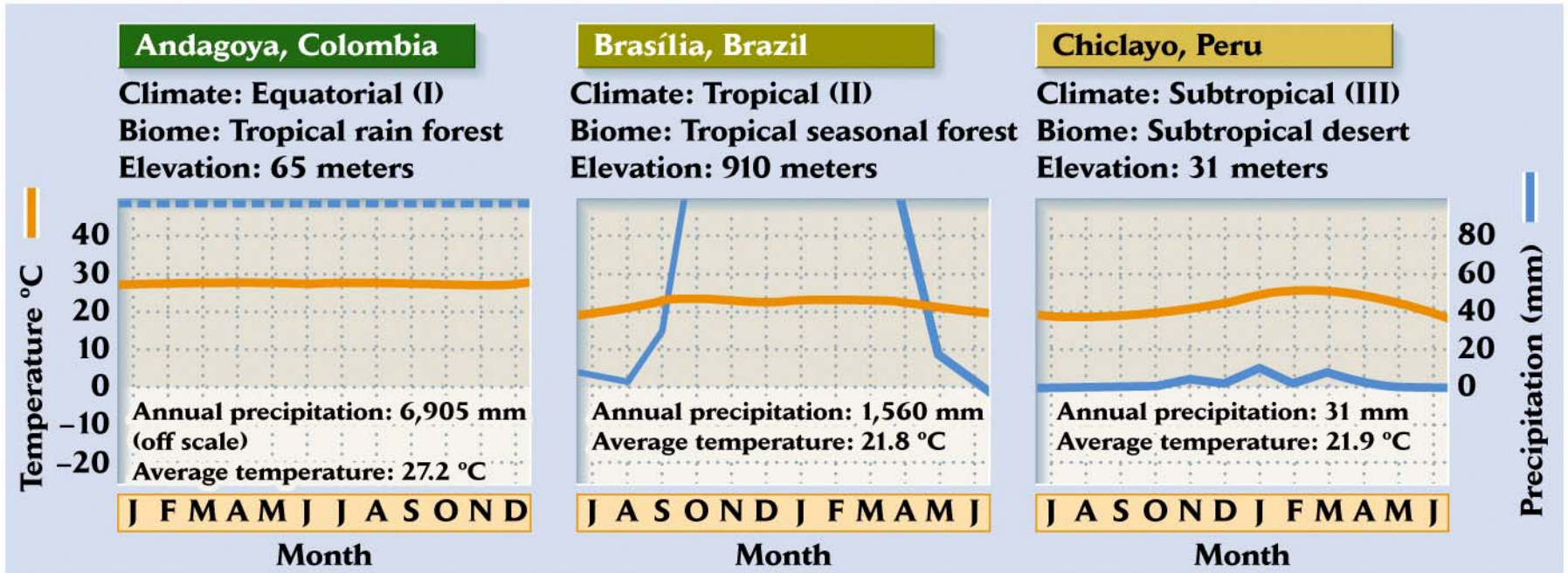
# Figure 5.9



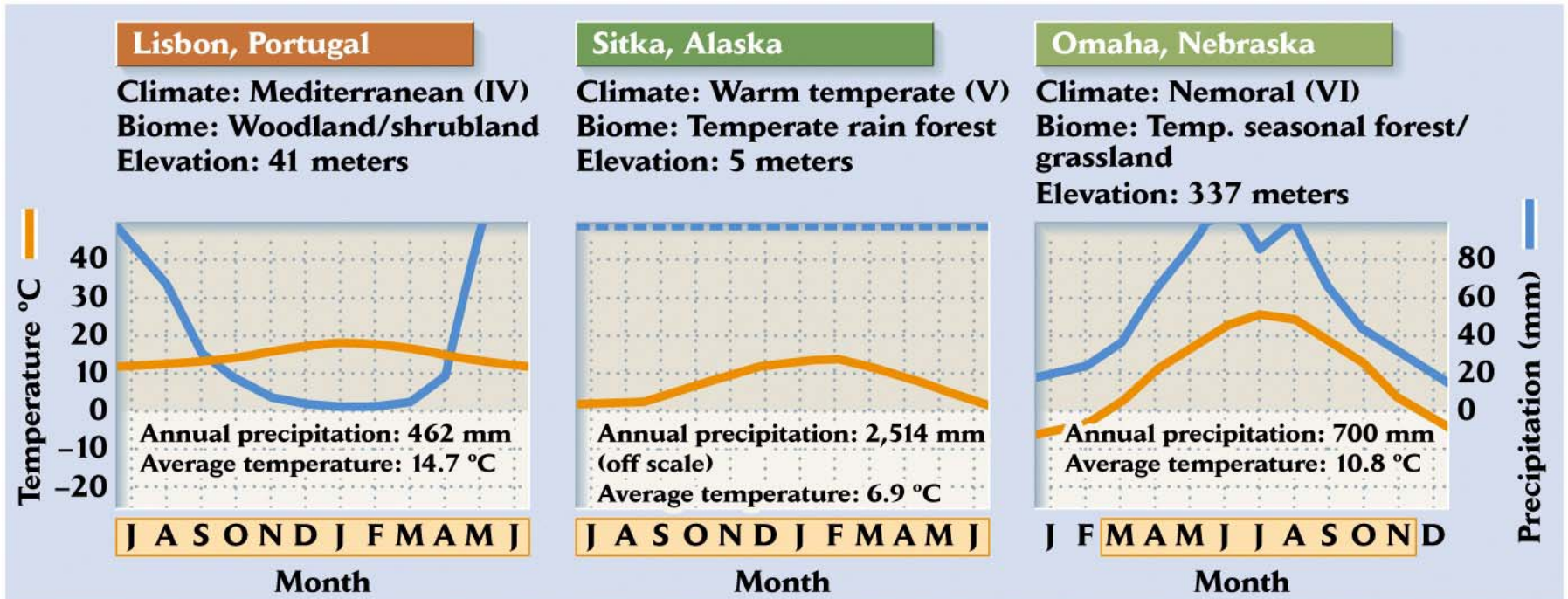
# Figure 5.10



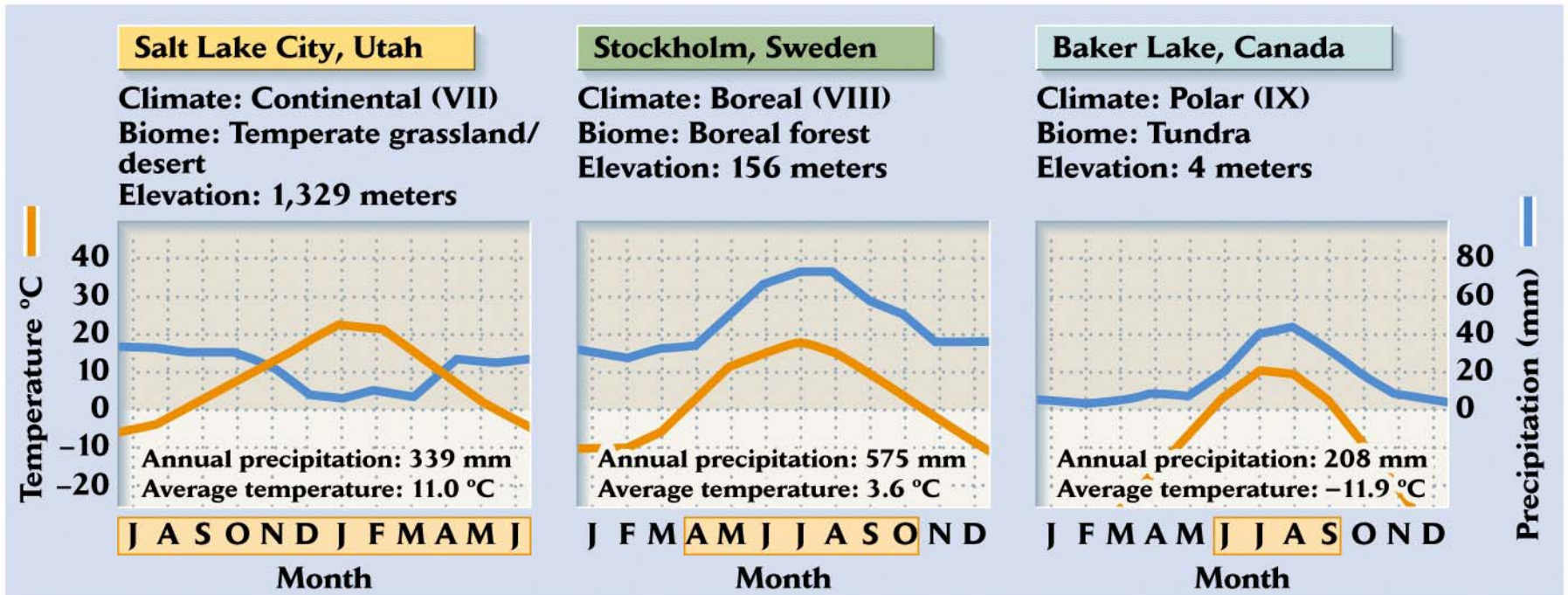
# Figure 5.11a



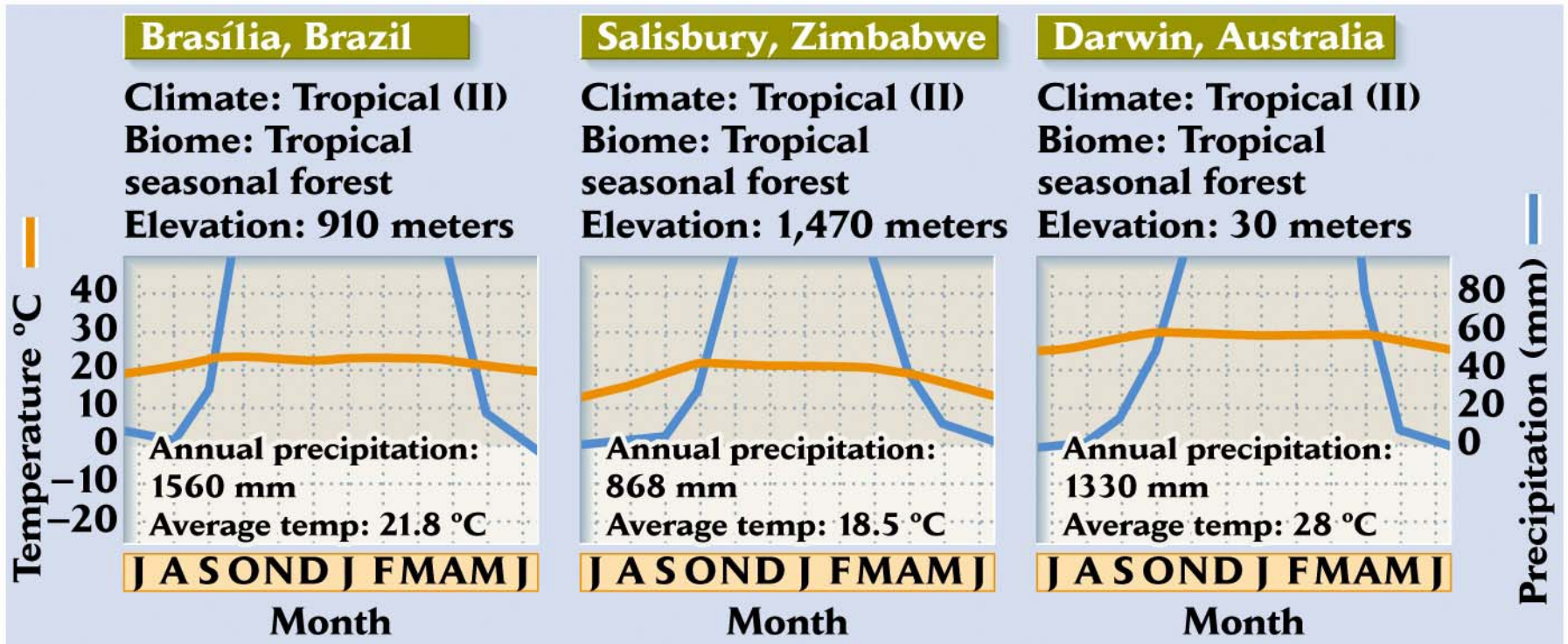
# Figure 5.11b



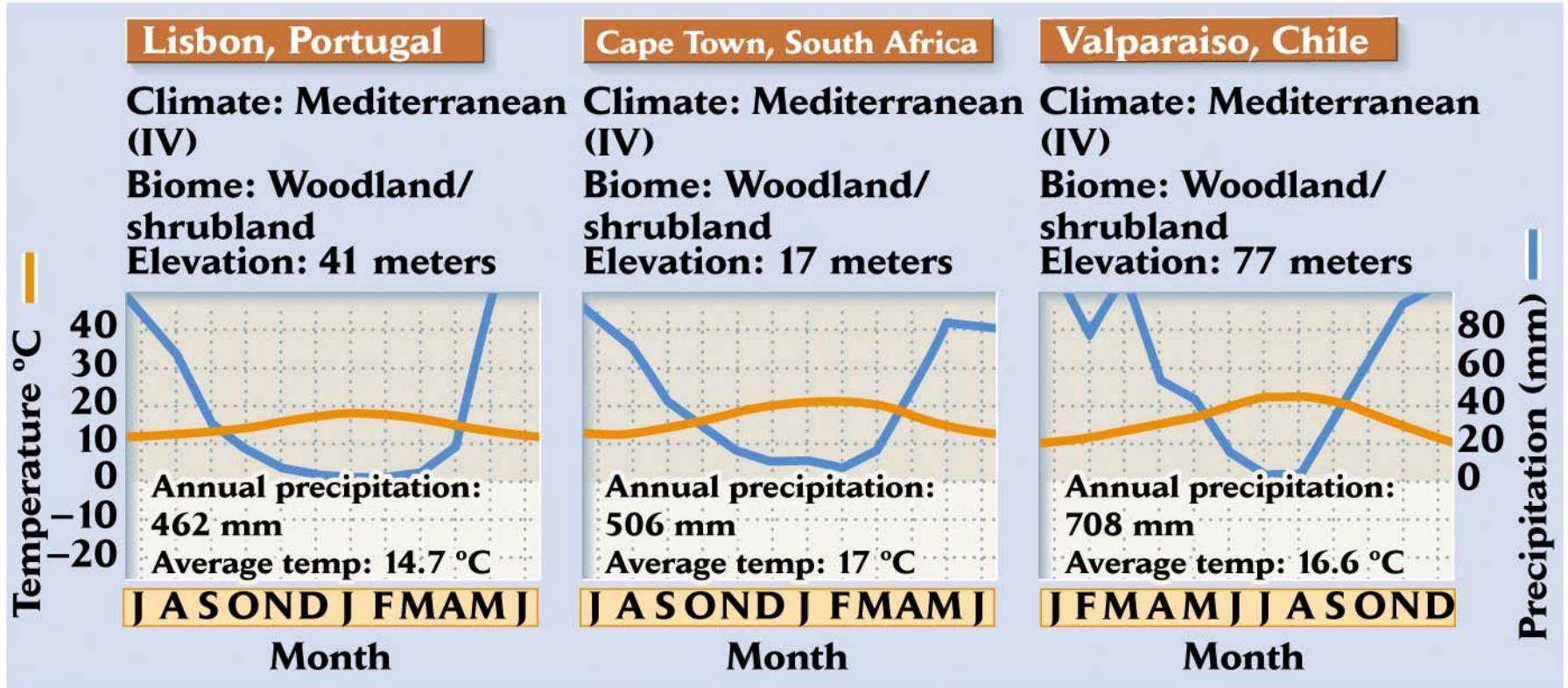
# Figure 5.11c



# Figure 5.12a

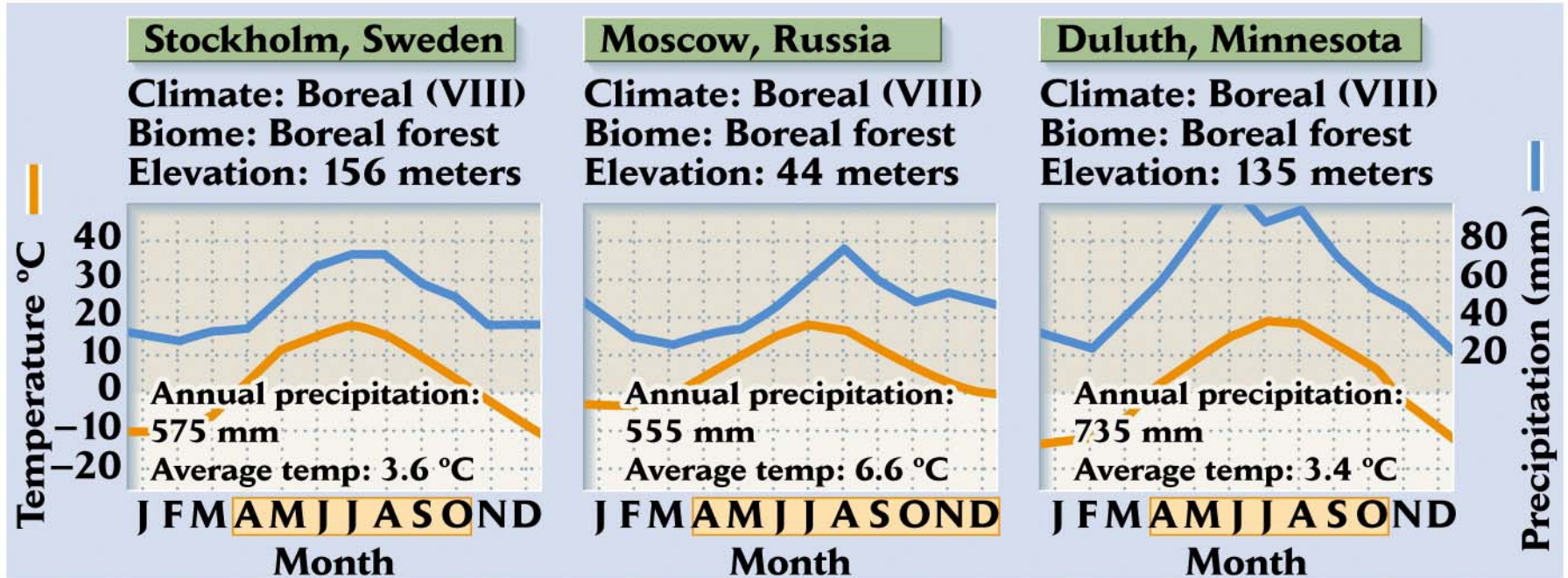


# Figure 5.12b

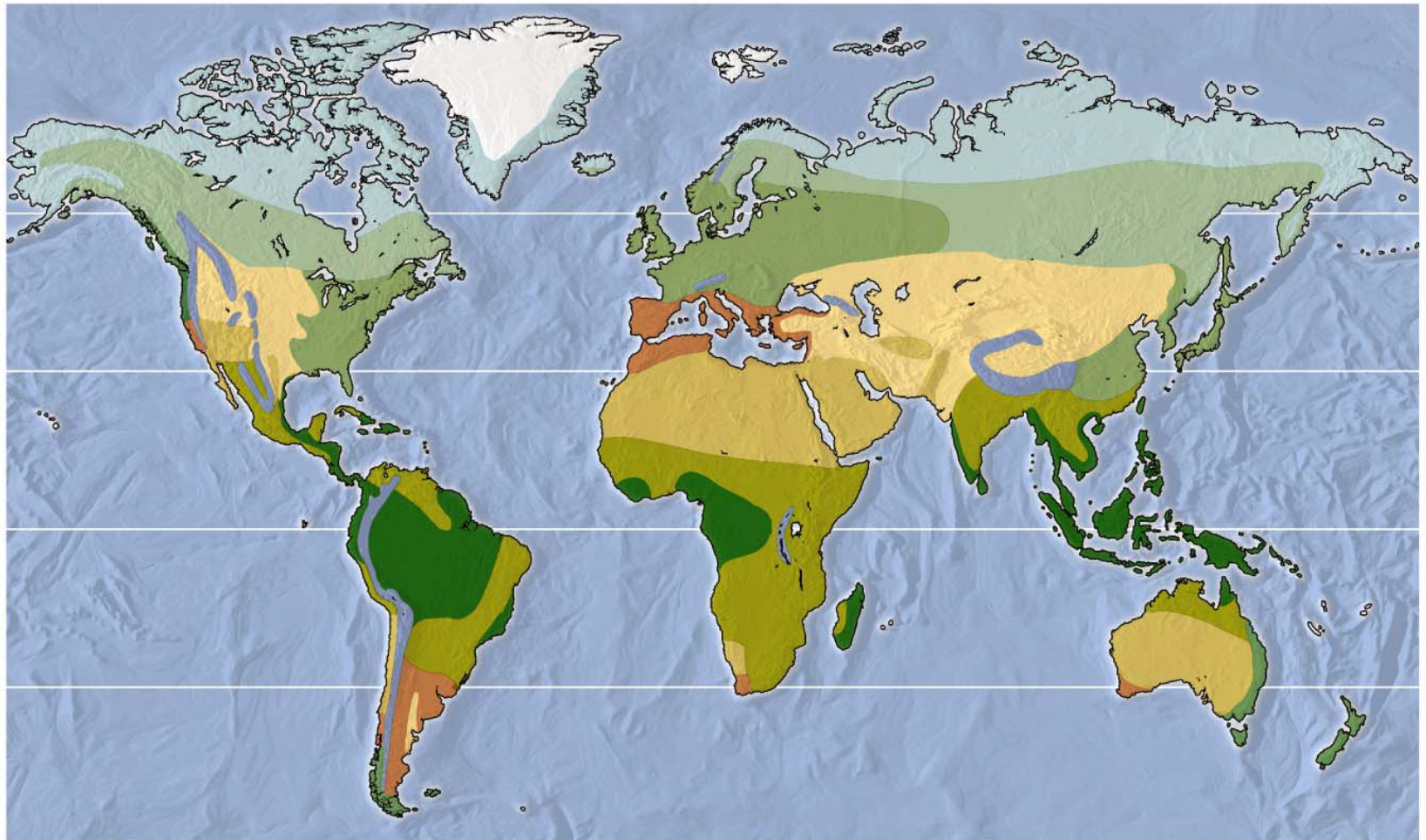




# Figure 5.12c



# Figure 5.13



## KEY

Tropical rain forest	Woodland /shrubland	Subtropical desert	Tundra
Tropical seasonal forest/ savannah	Temperate grassland/ desert	Temperate rain forest	Alpine
	Boreal forest	Temperate seasonal forest	Polar ice cap

# Figure 5.14a

Biome: Temperate seasonal forest

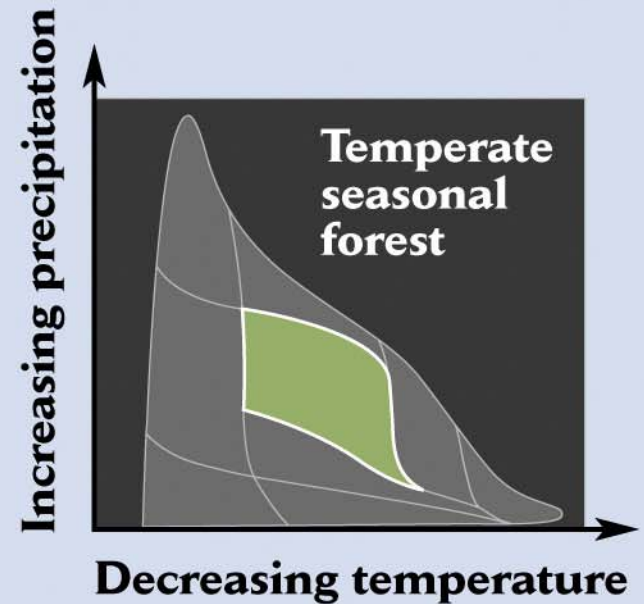
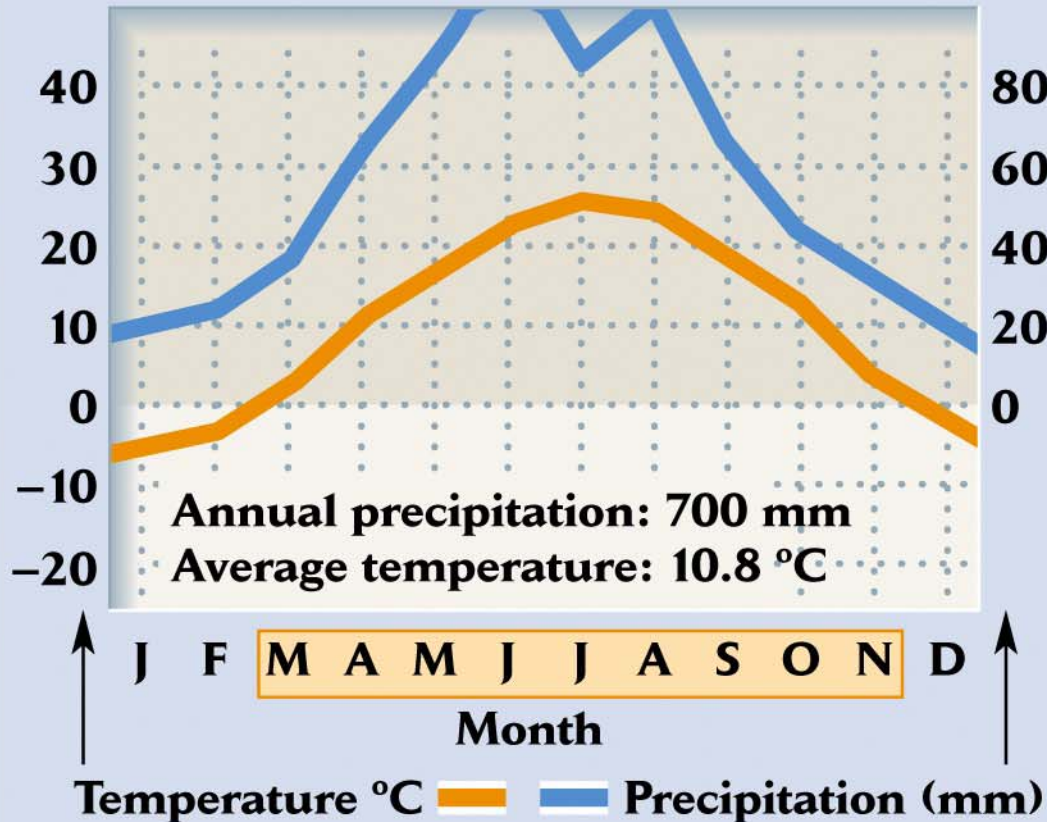


# Figure 5.14b

Omaha, Nebraska

Climate: Nemoral (VI)

Elevation: 337 meters



# Figure 5.15a

Biome: Temperate rain forest

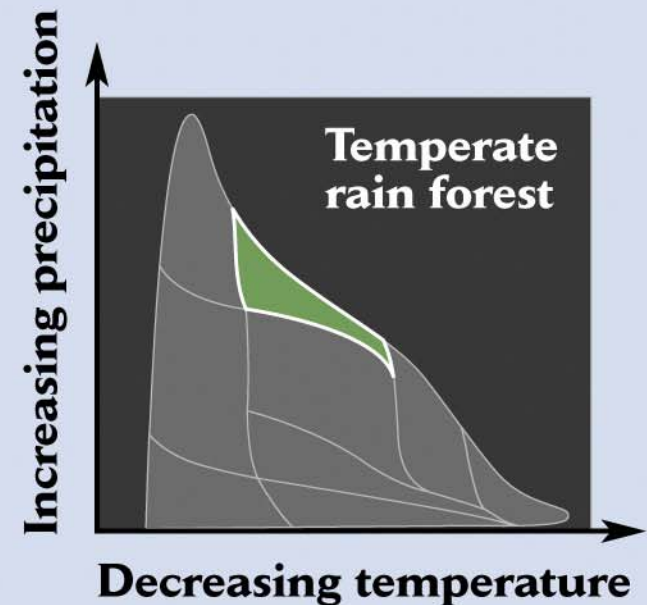
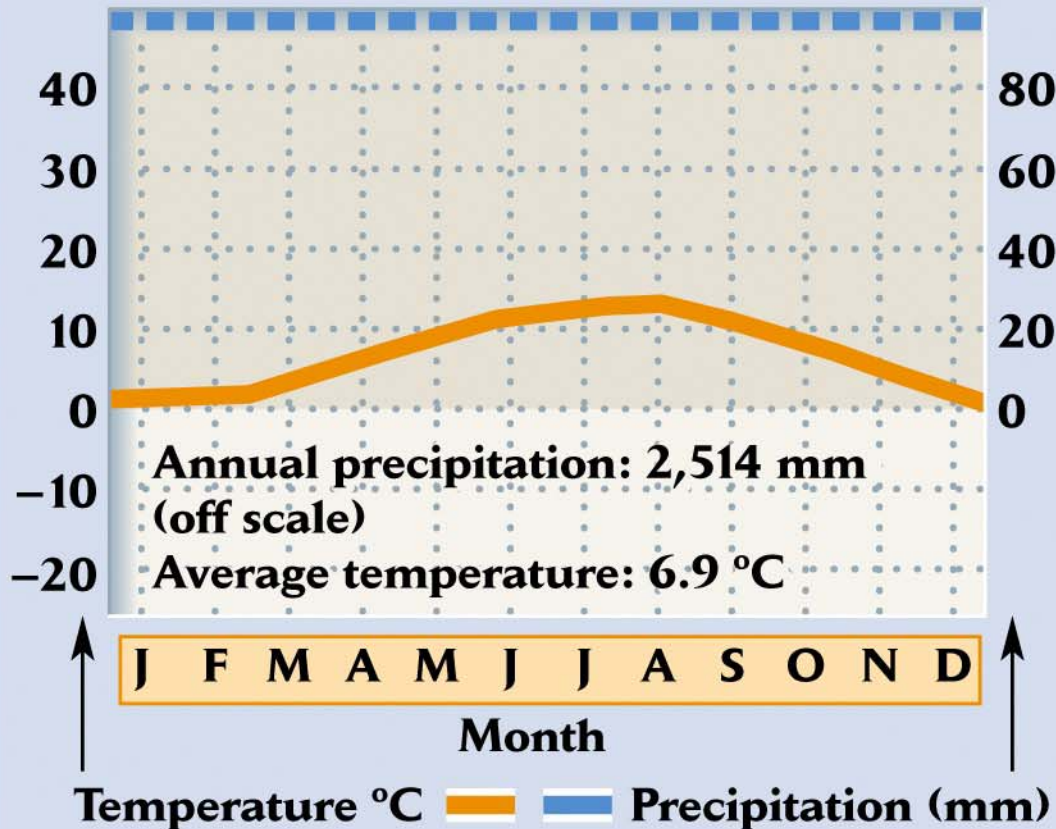


# Figure 5.15b

Sitka, Alaska

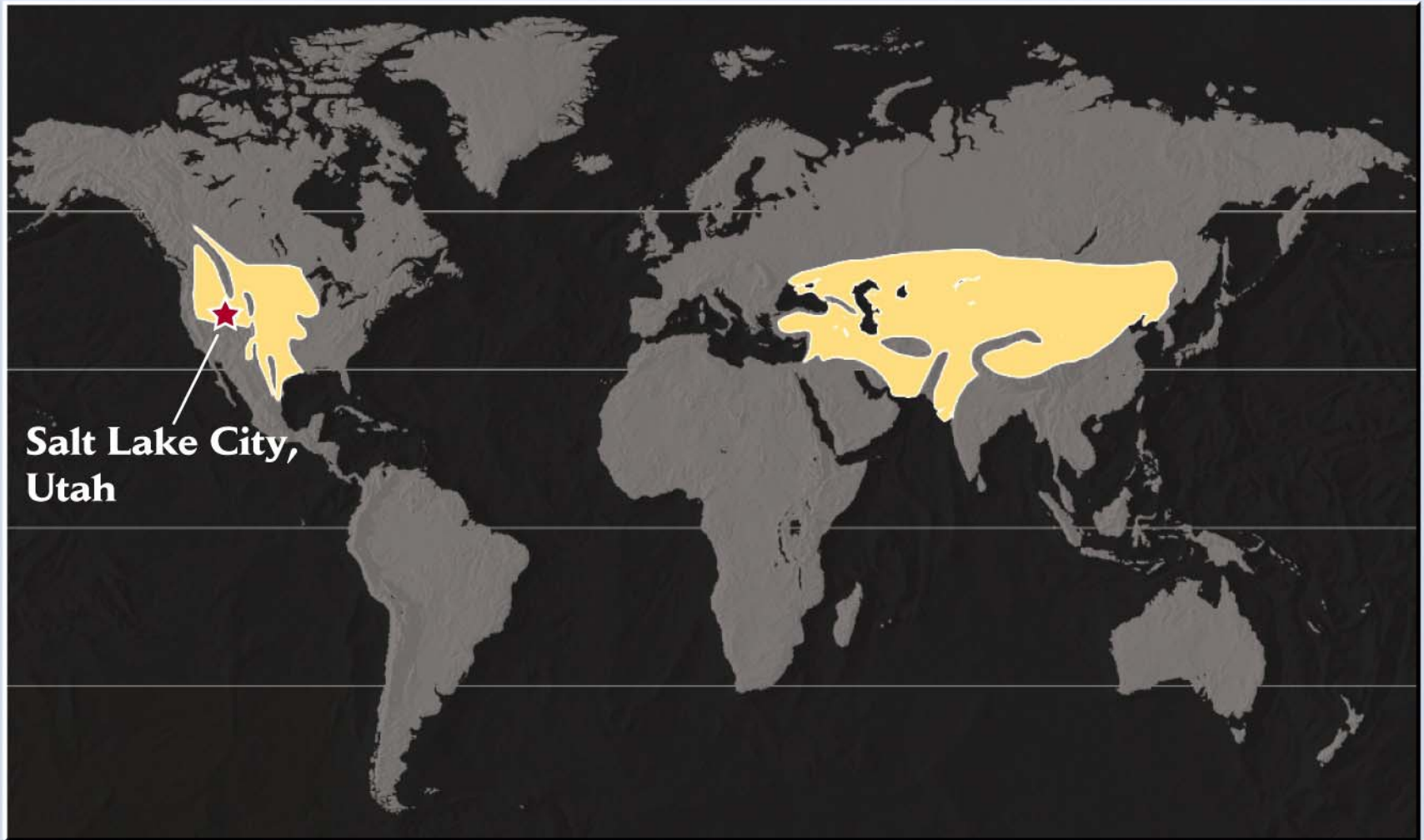
Climate: Warm temperate (V)

Elevation: 5 meters



# Figure 5.16a

**Biome: Temperate grassland/desert**

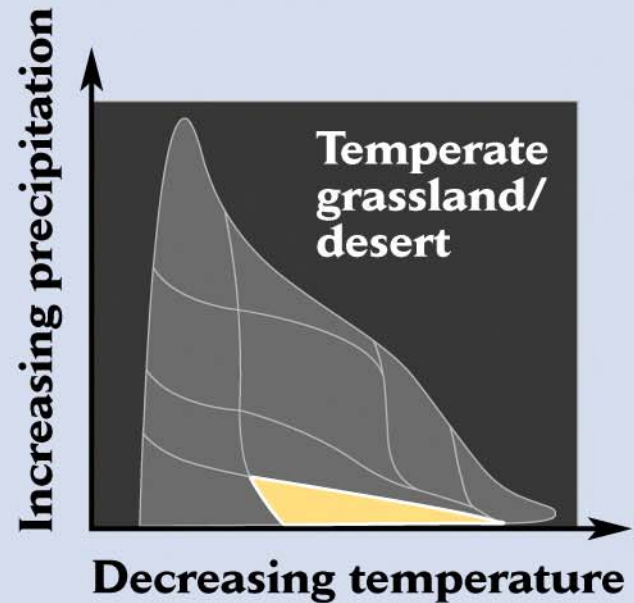
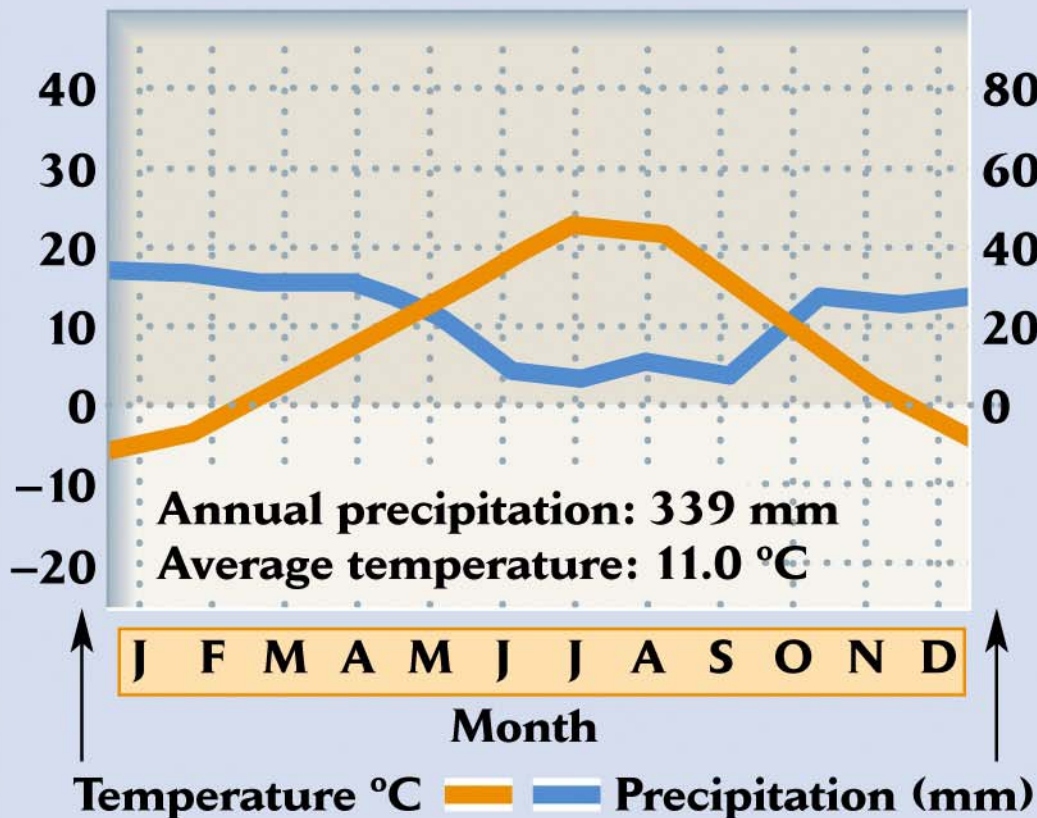


# Figure 5.16b

Salt Lake City, Utah

Climate: Continental (cold deserts) (VII)

Elevation: 1,329 meters





# Figure 5.17a

Biome: Woodland/shrubland

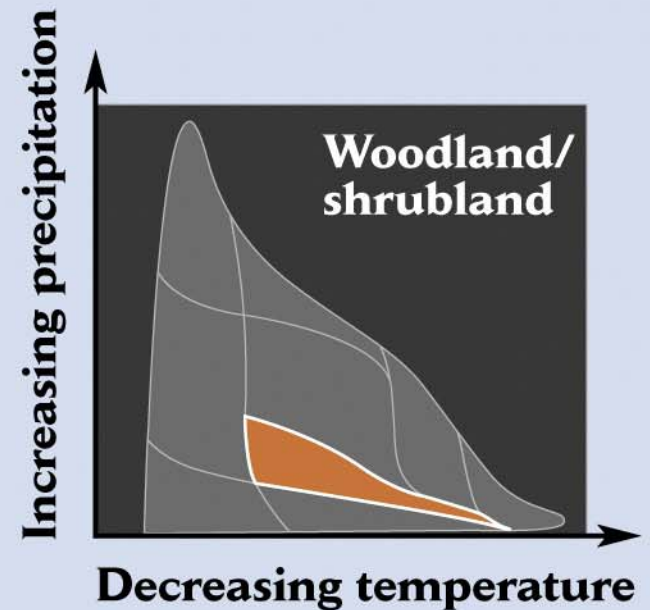
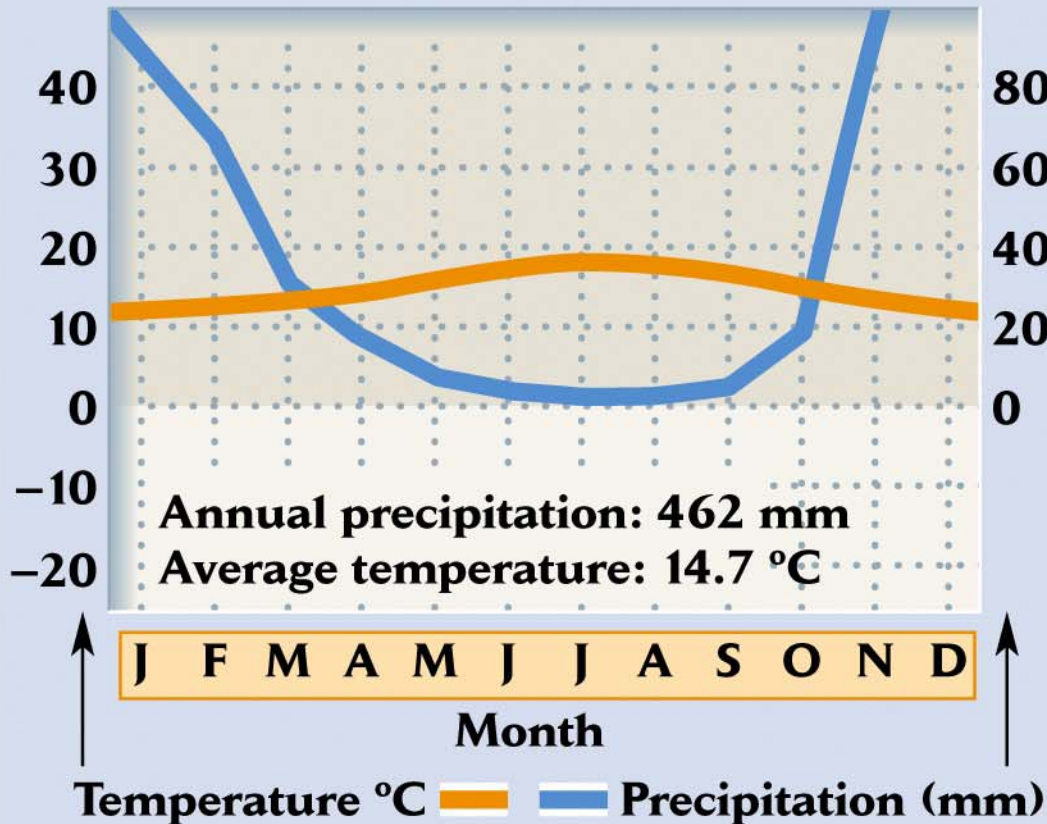


# Figure 5.17b

## Lisbon, Portugal

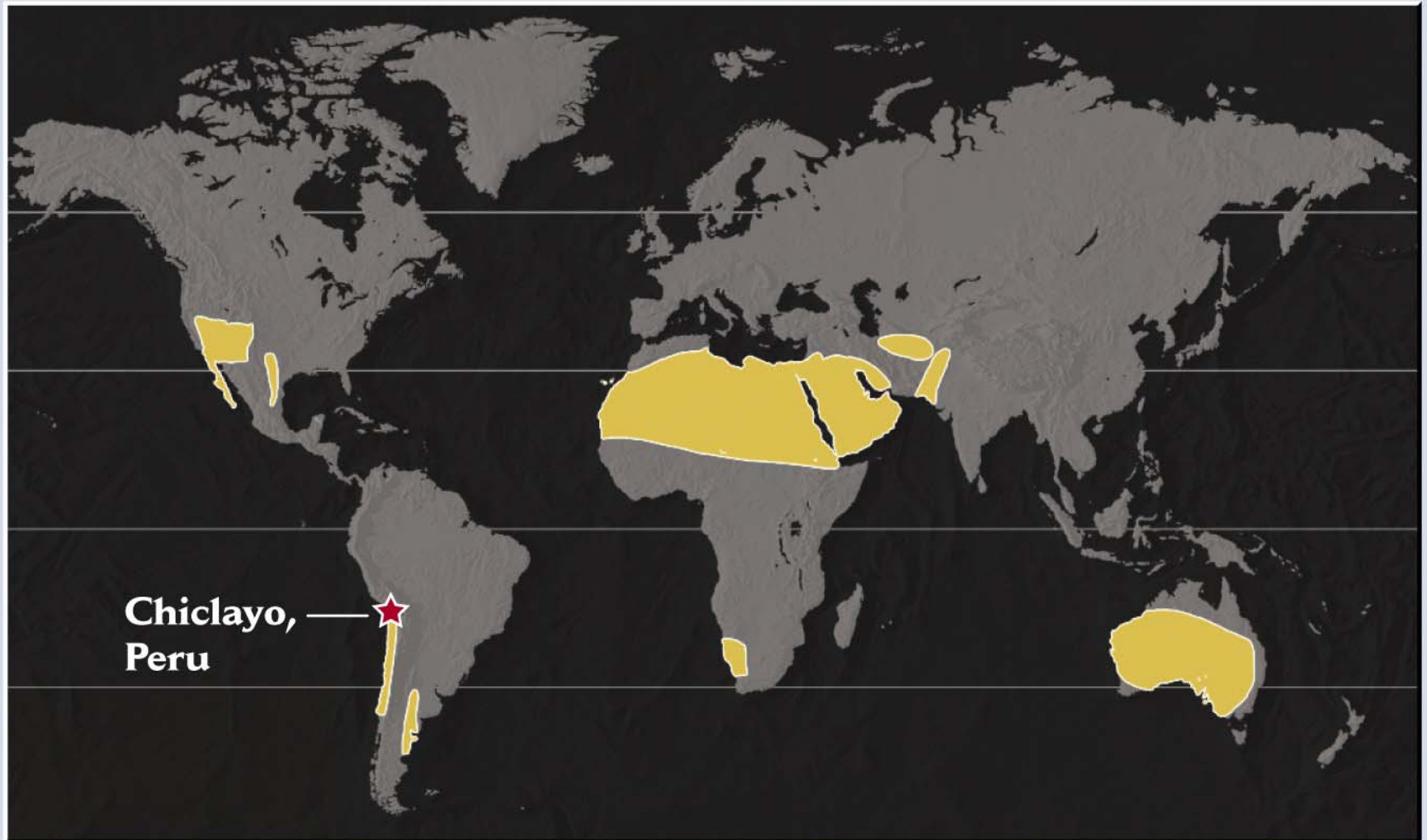
Climate: Mediterranean (IV)

Elevation: 41 meters



# Figure 5.18a

**Biome: Subtropical desert**

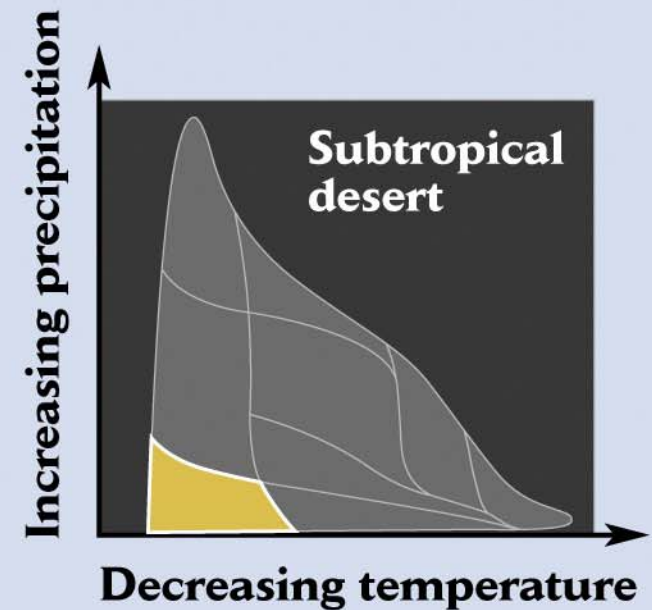
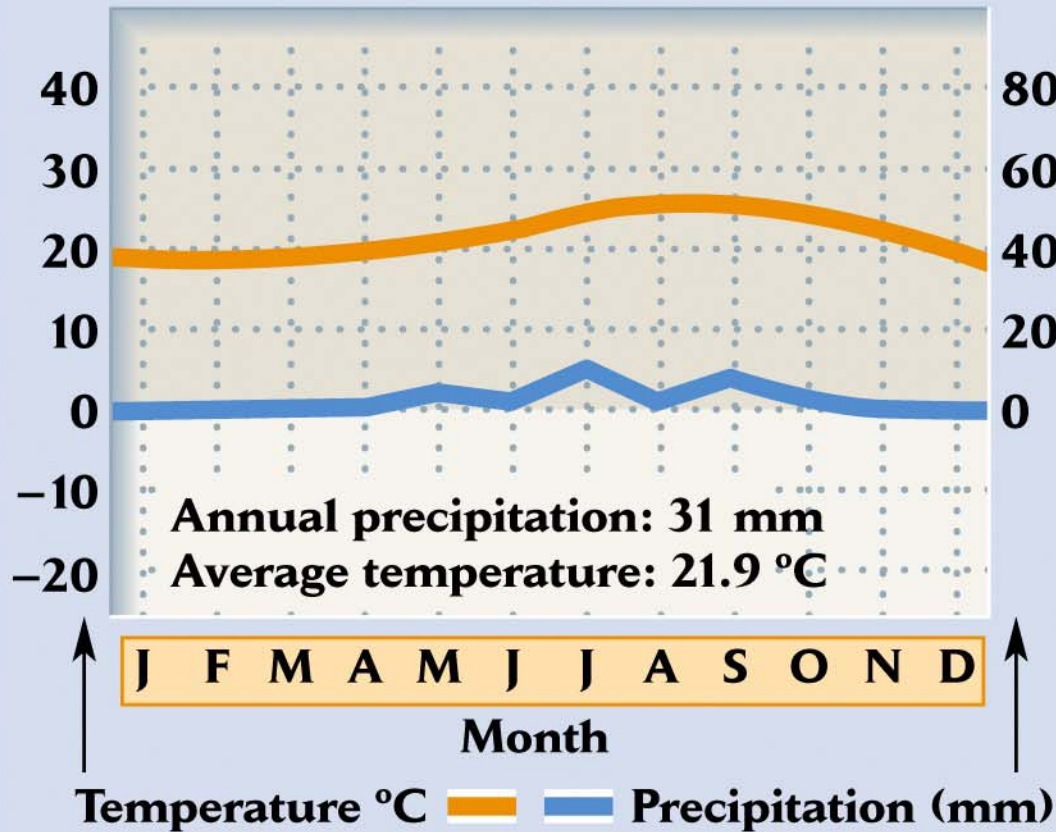


# Figure 5.18b

**Chiclayo, Peru**

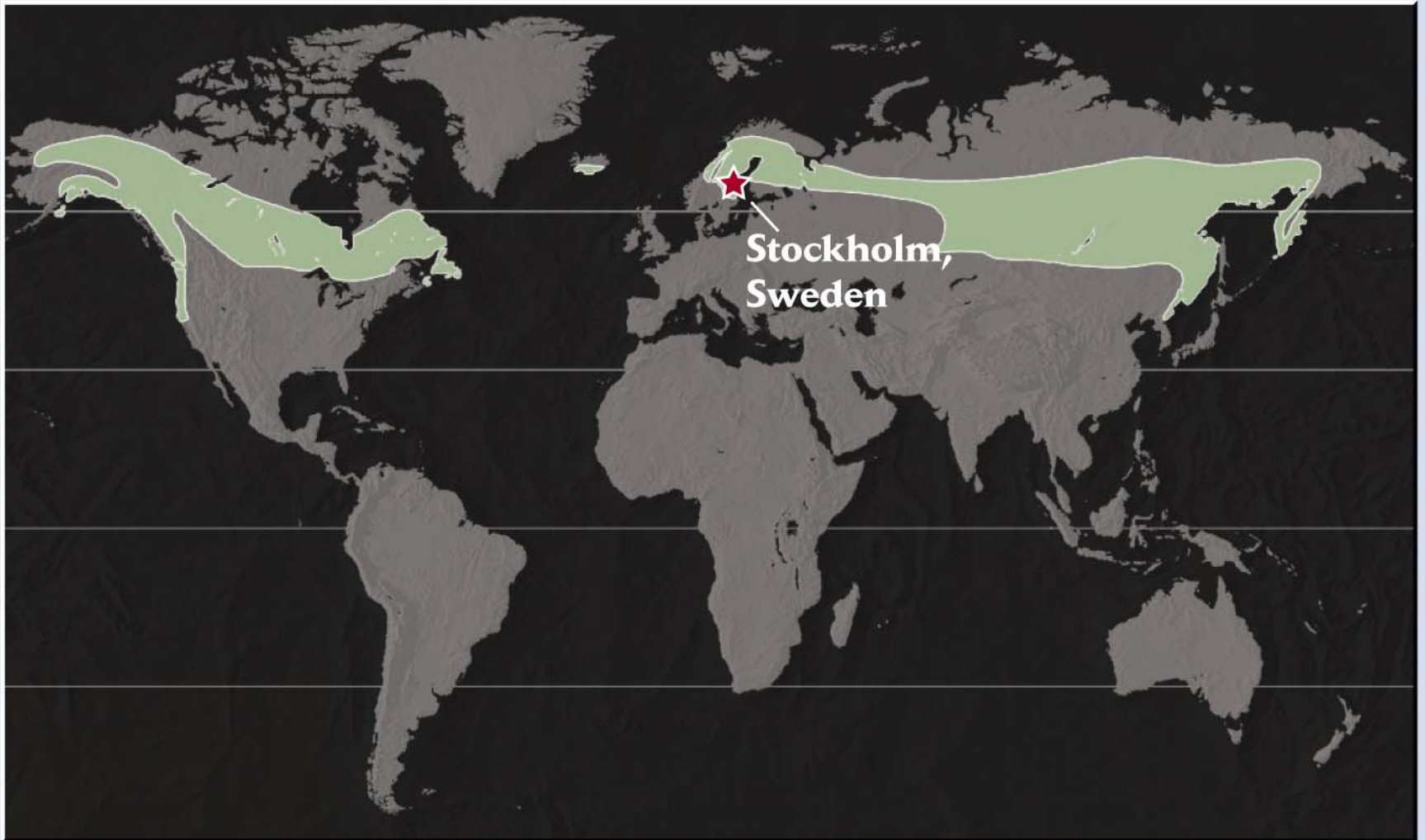
**Climate: Subtropical (hot deserts) (III)**

**Elevation: 31 meters**



# Figure 5.19a

**Biome: Boreal forest**

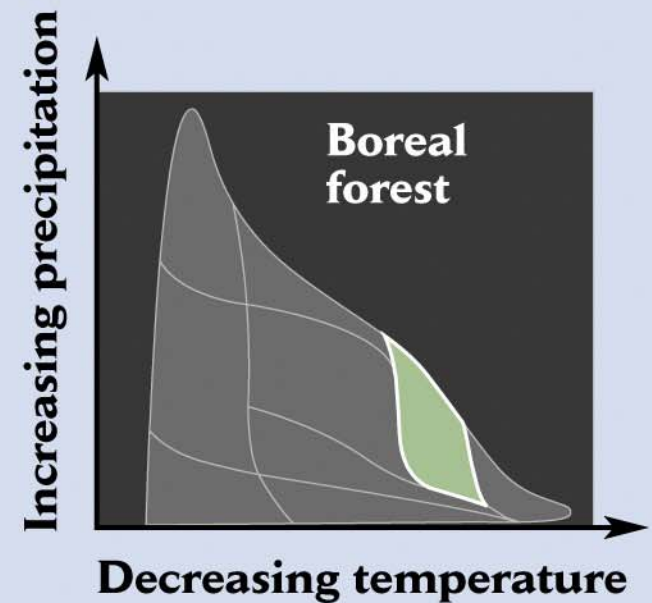
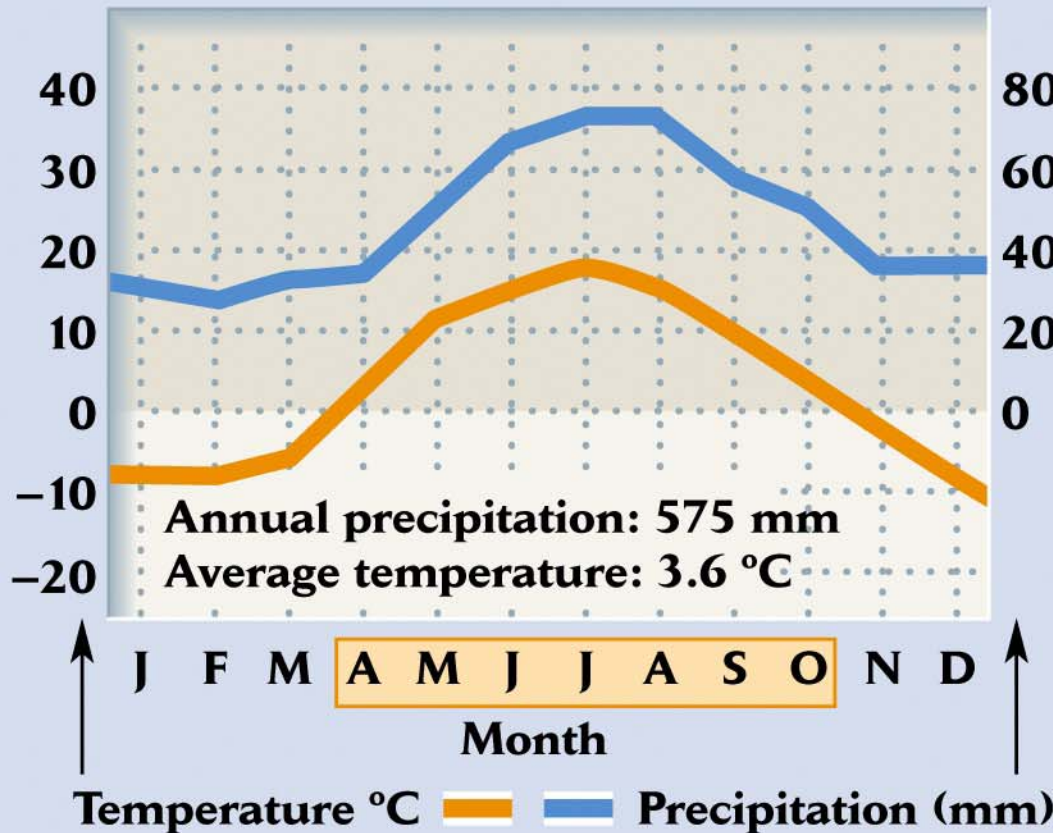


# Figure 5.19b

Stockholm, Sweden

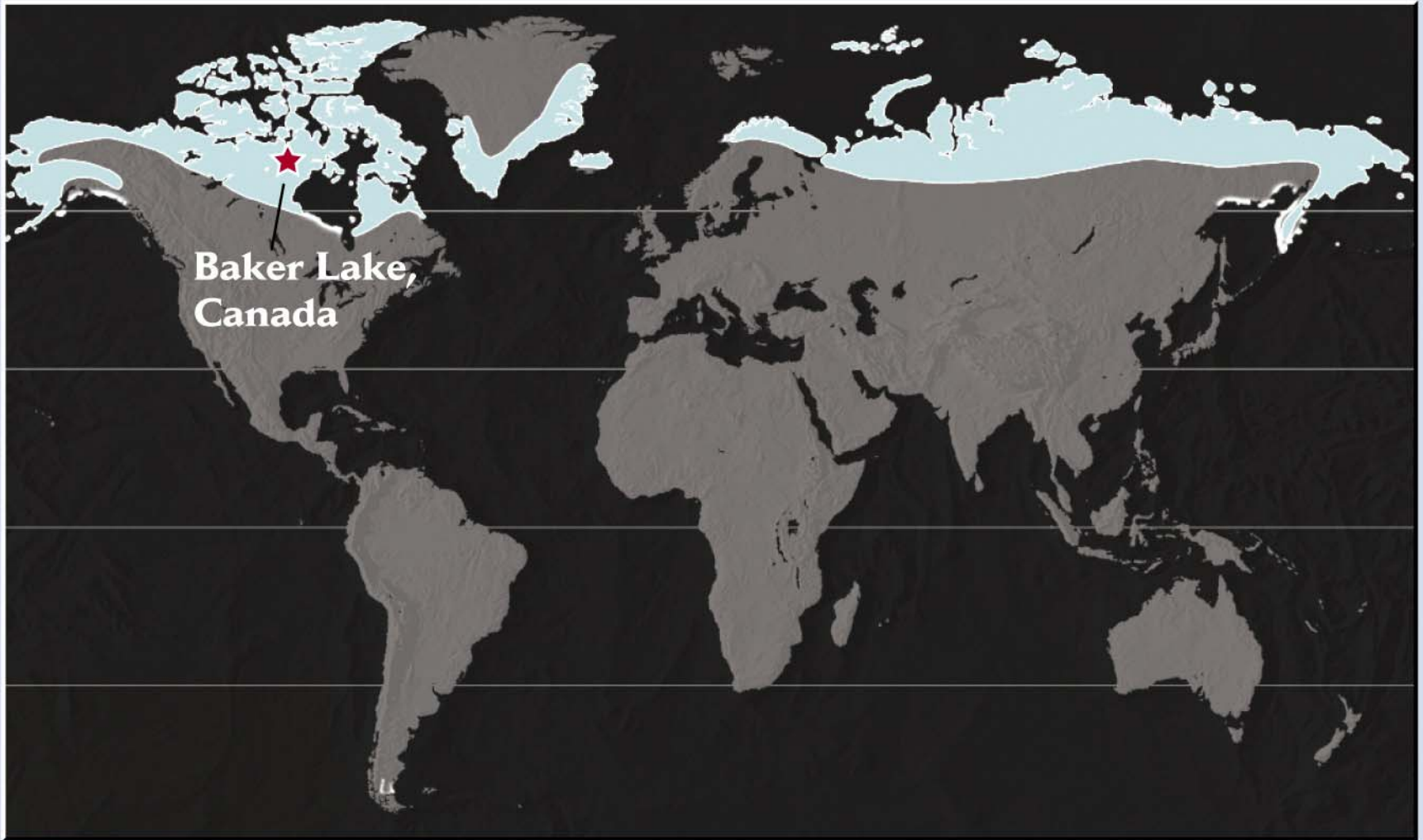
Climate: Boreal (VIII)

Elevation: 156 meters



# Figure 5.20a

**Biome: Tundra**

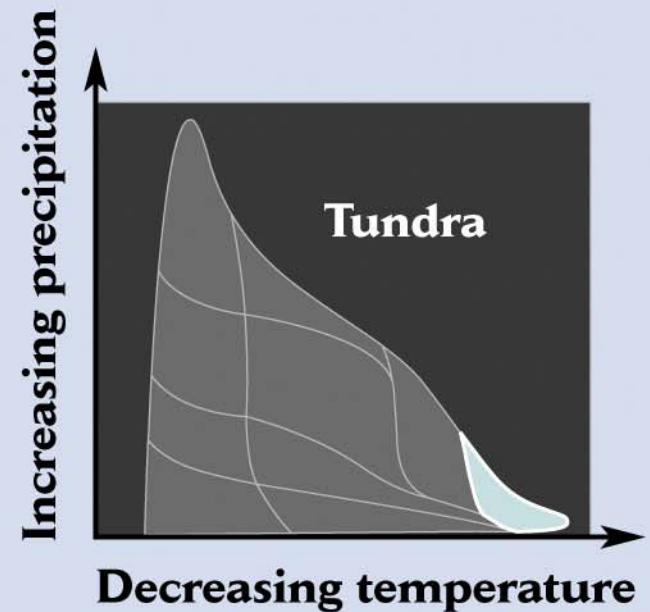
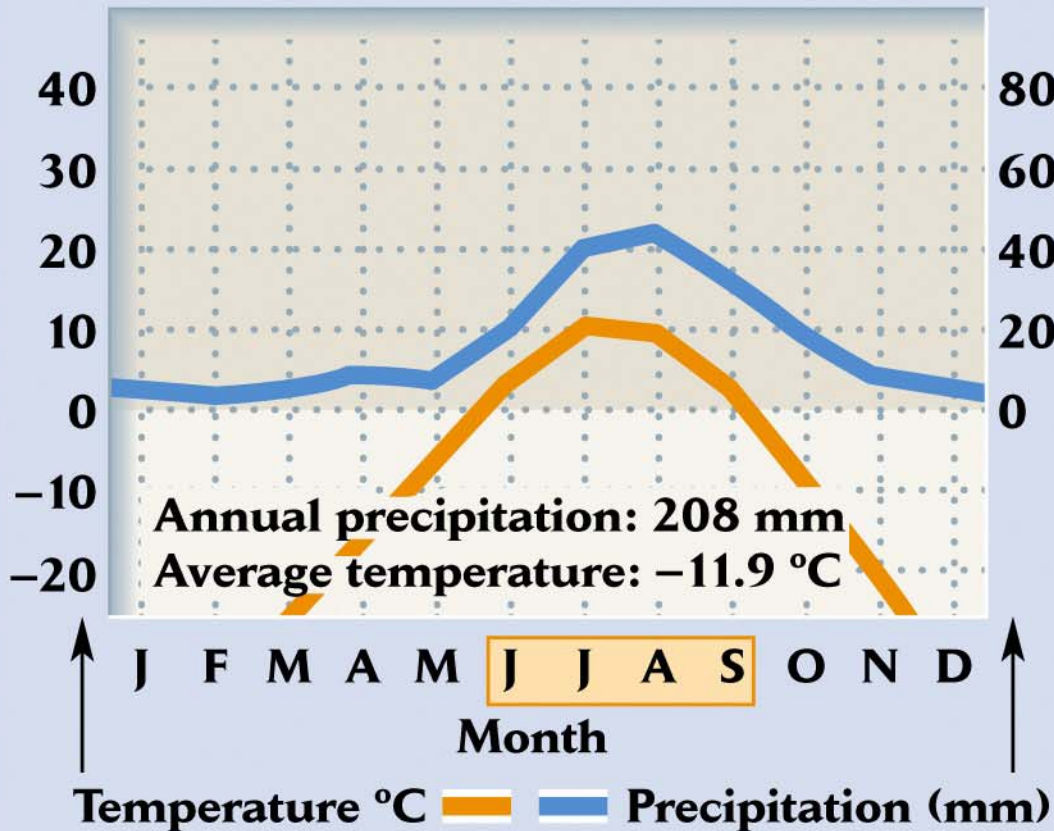


# Figure 5.20b

**Baker Lake, Canada**

**Climate: Polar (IX)**

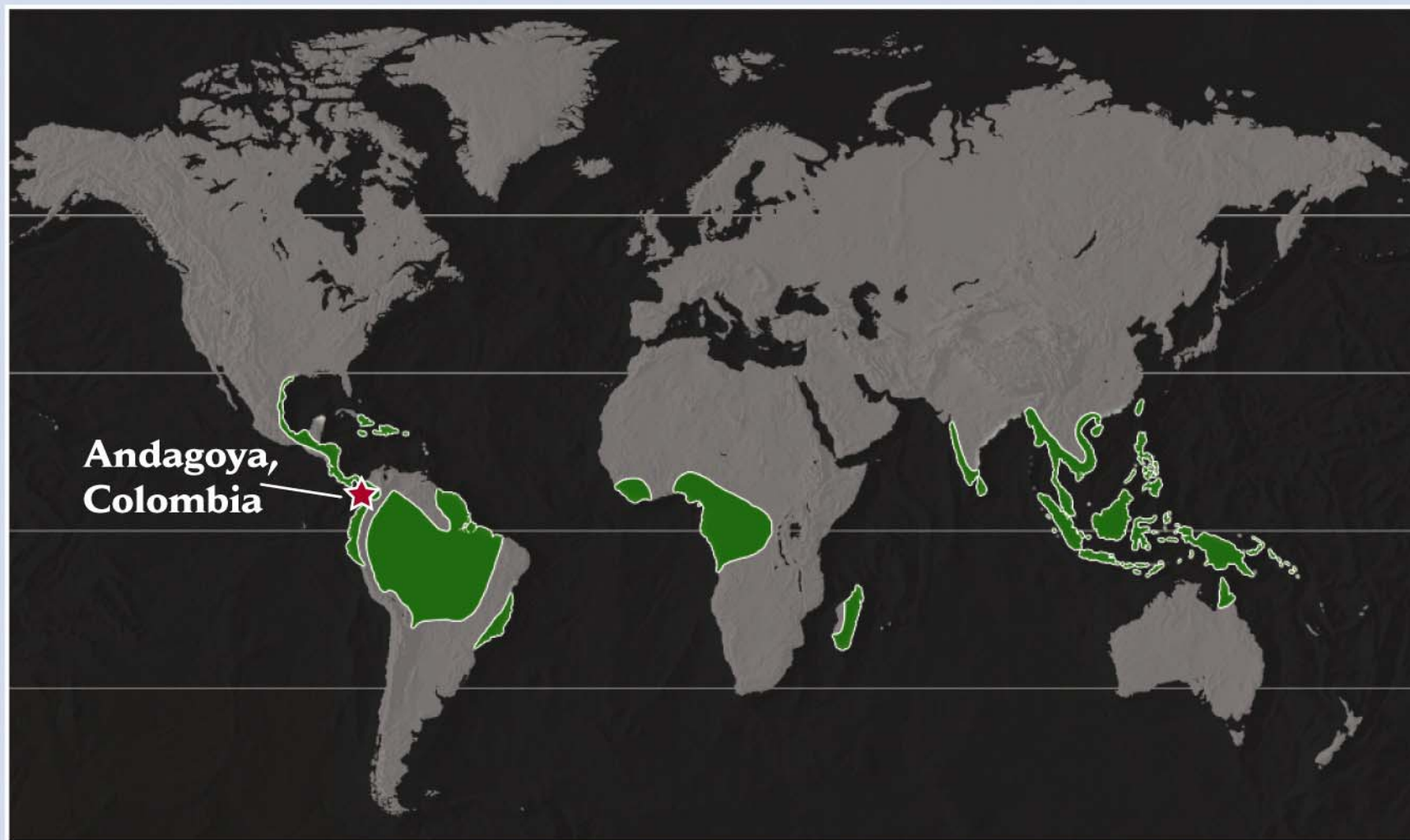
**Elevation: 4 meters**





# Figure 5.21a

**Biome: Tropical rain forest**

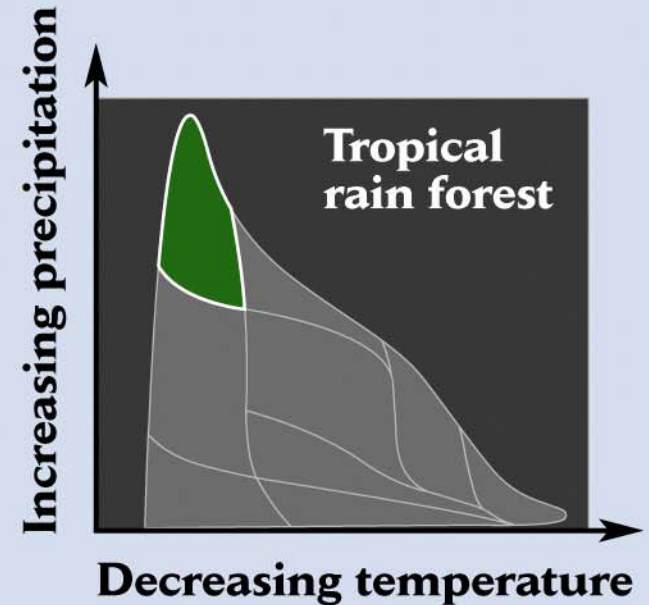
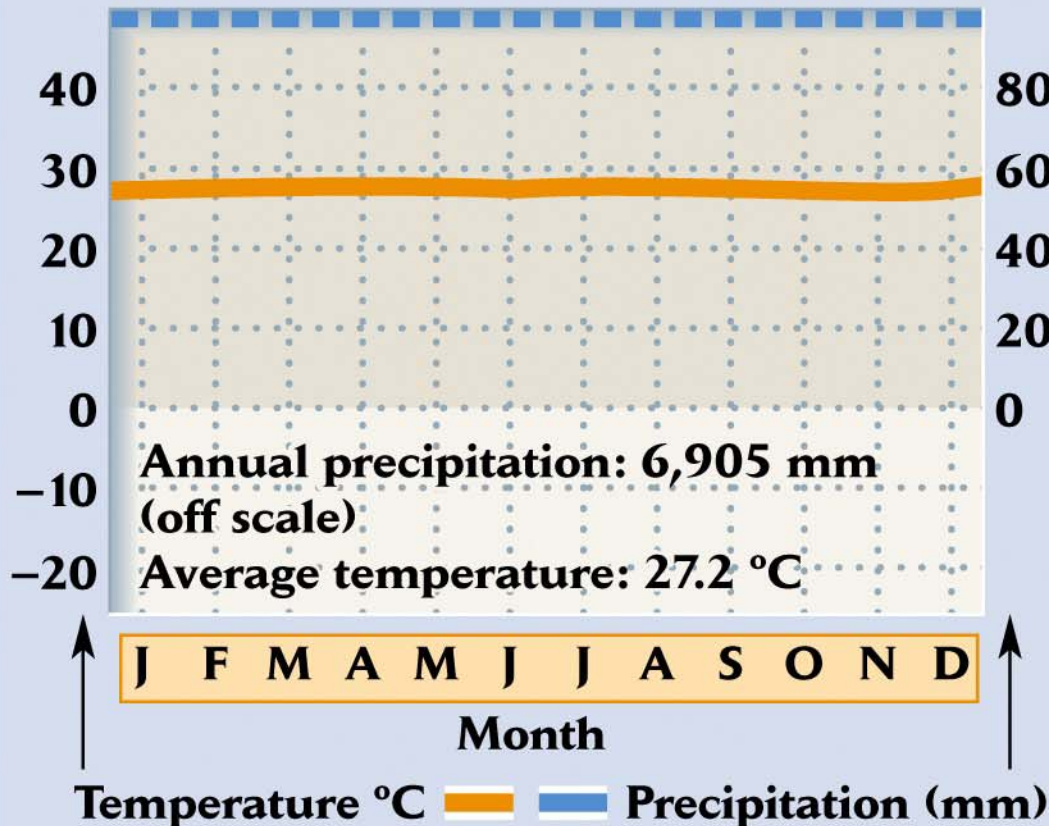


# Figure 5.21b

**Andagoya, Colombia**

**Climate: Equatorial (I)**

**Elevation: 65 meters**



# Figure 5.22a

**Biome: Tropical seasonal forest/savanna**

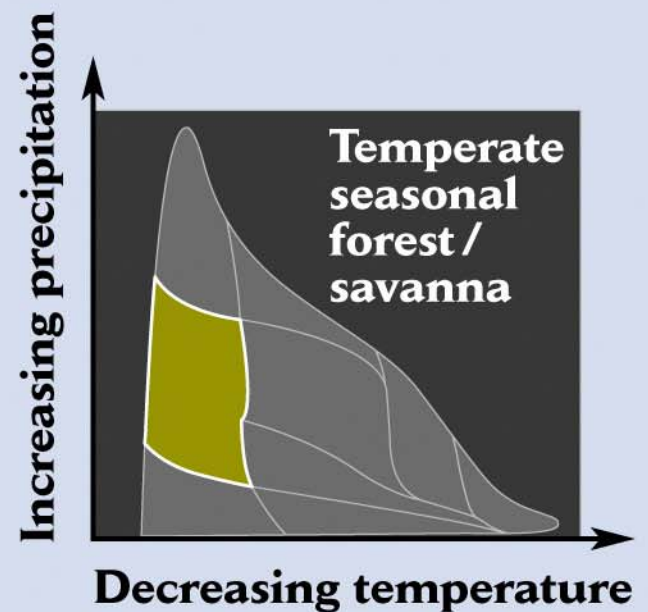
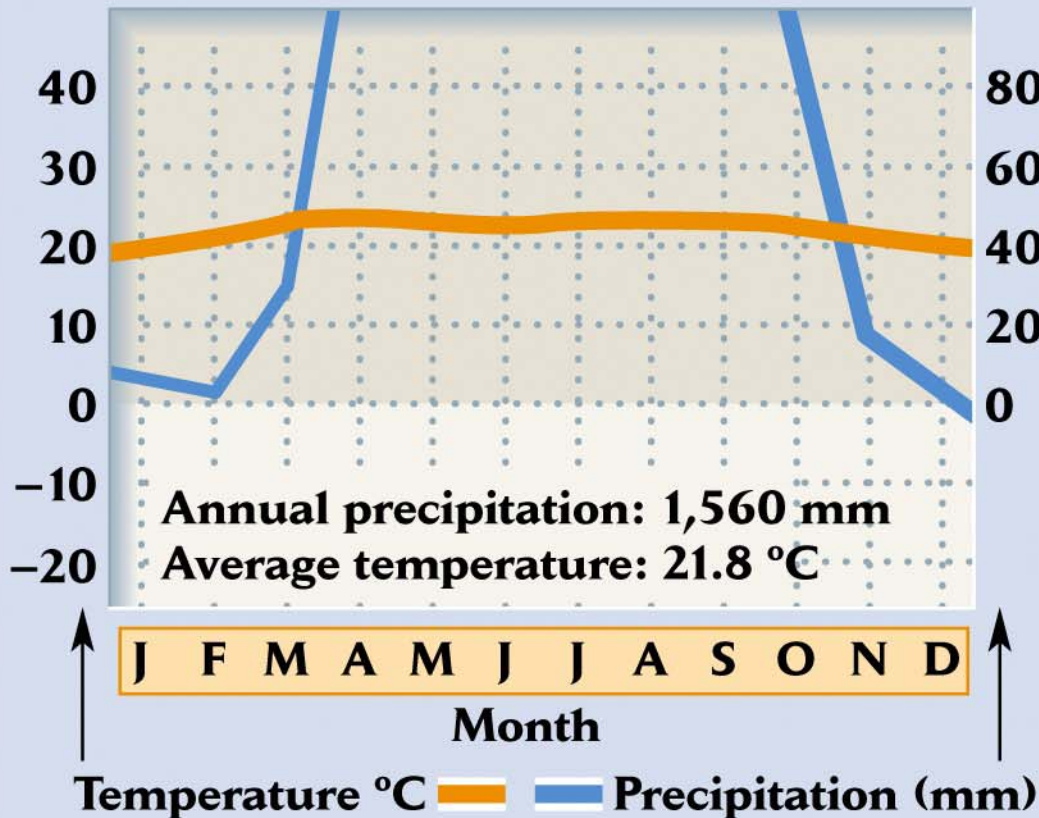


# Figure 5.22b

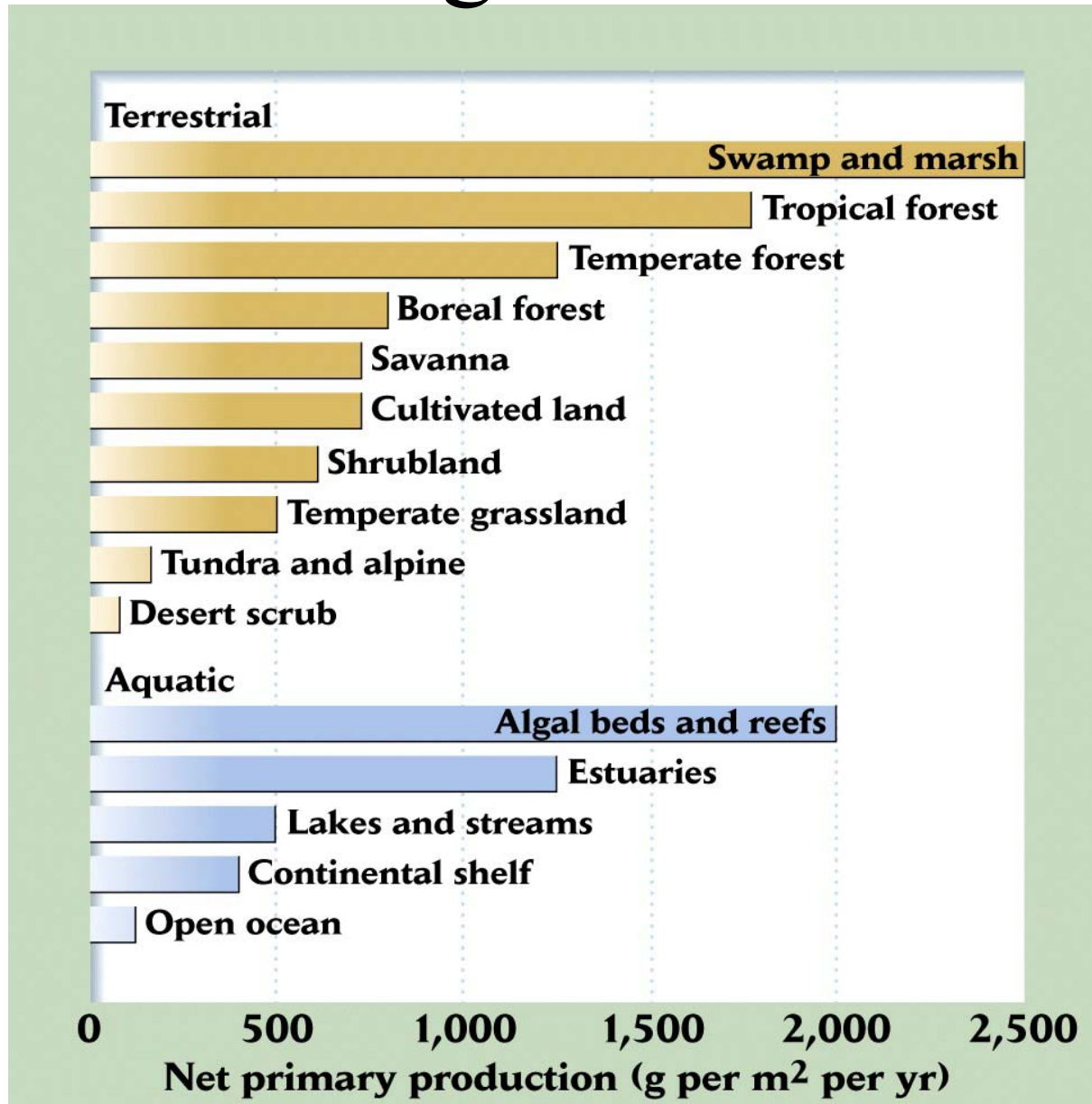
## Brasília, Brazil

Climate: Tropical (II)

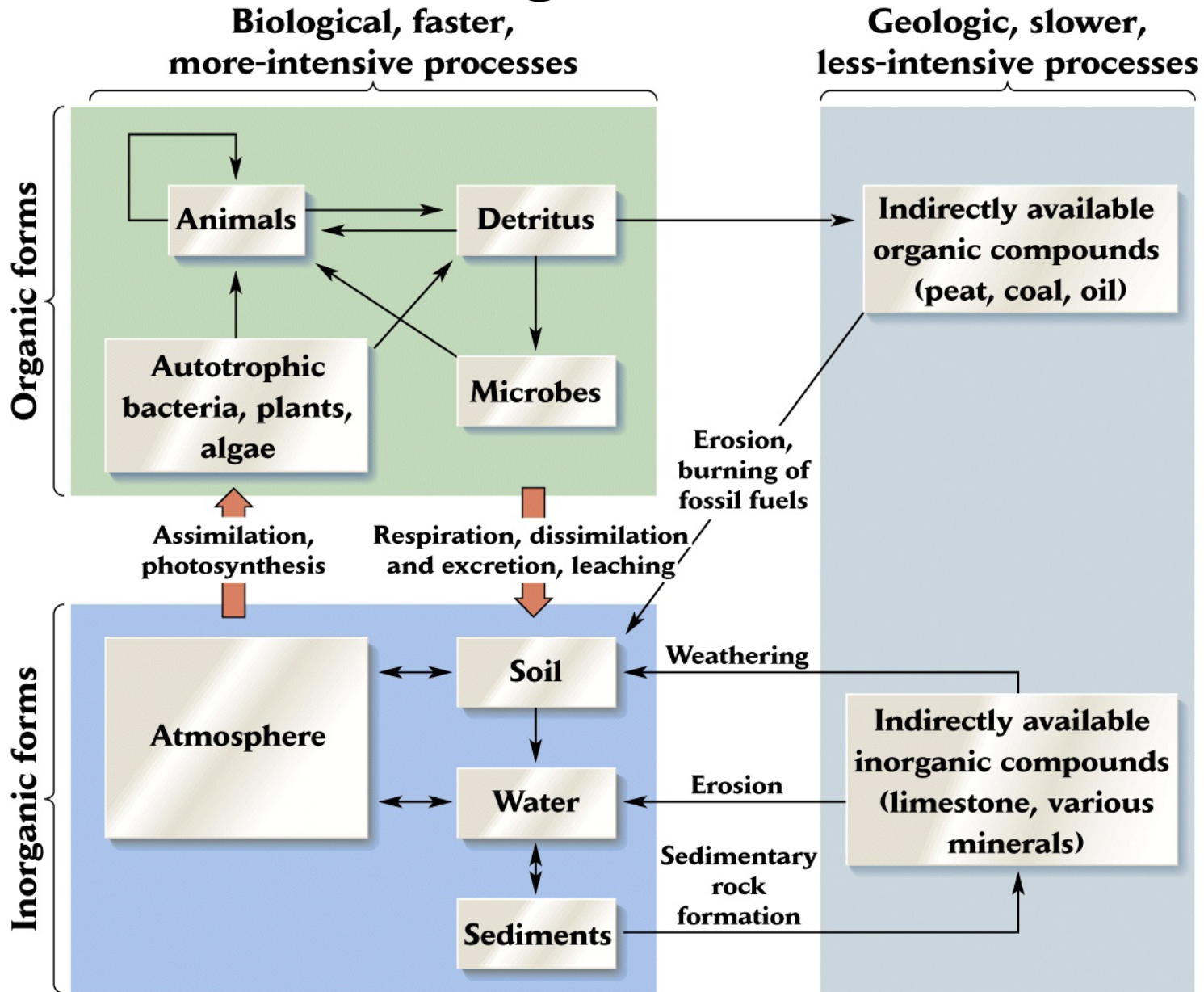
Elevation: 910 meters



# Figure 6.8



# Figure 7.3



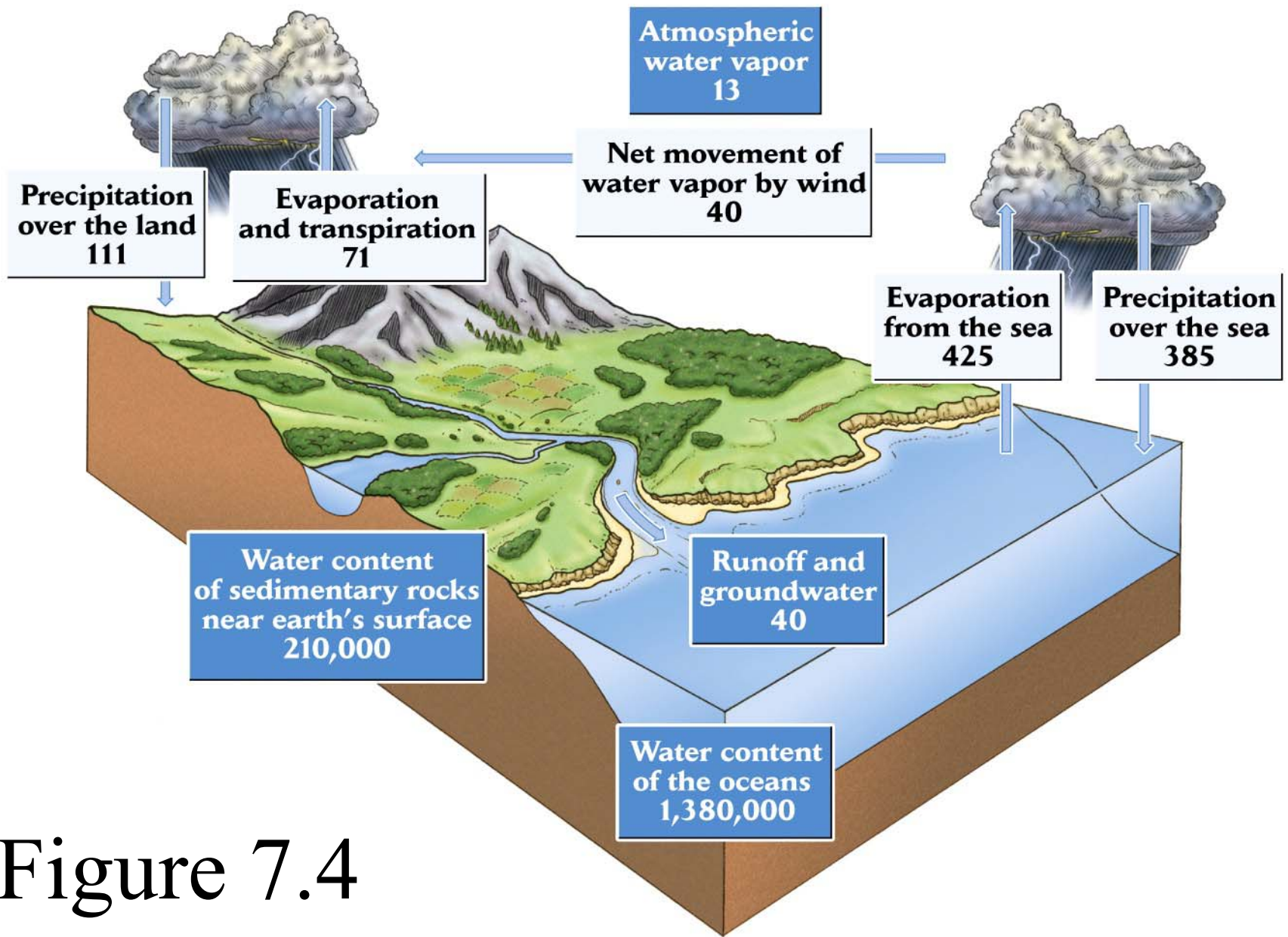


Figure 7.4

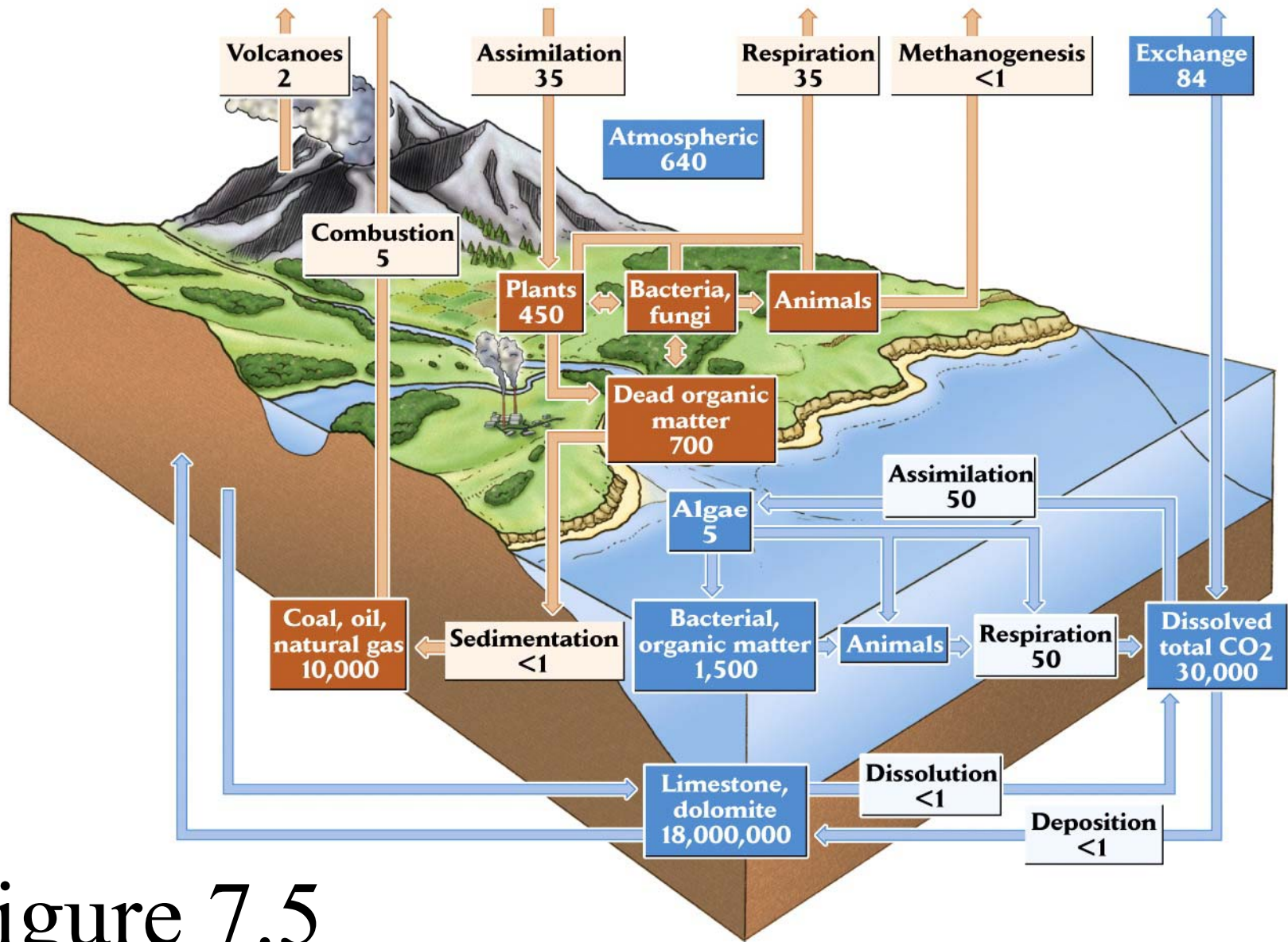
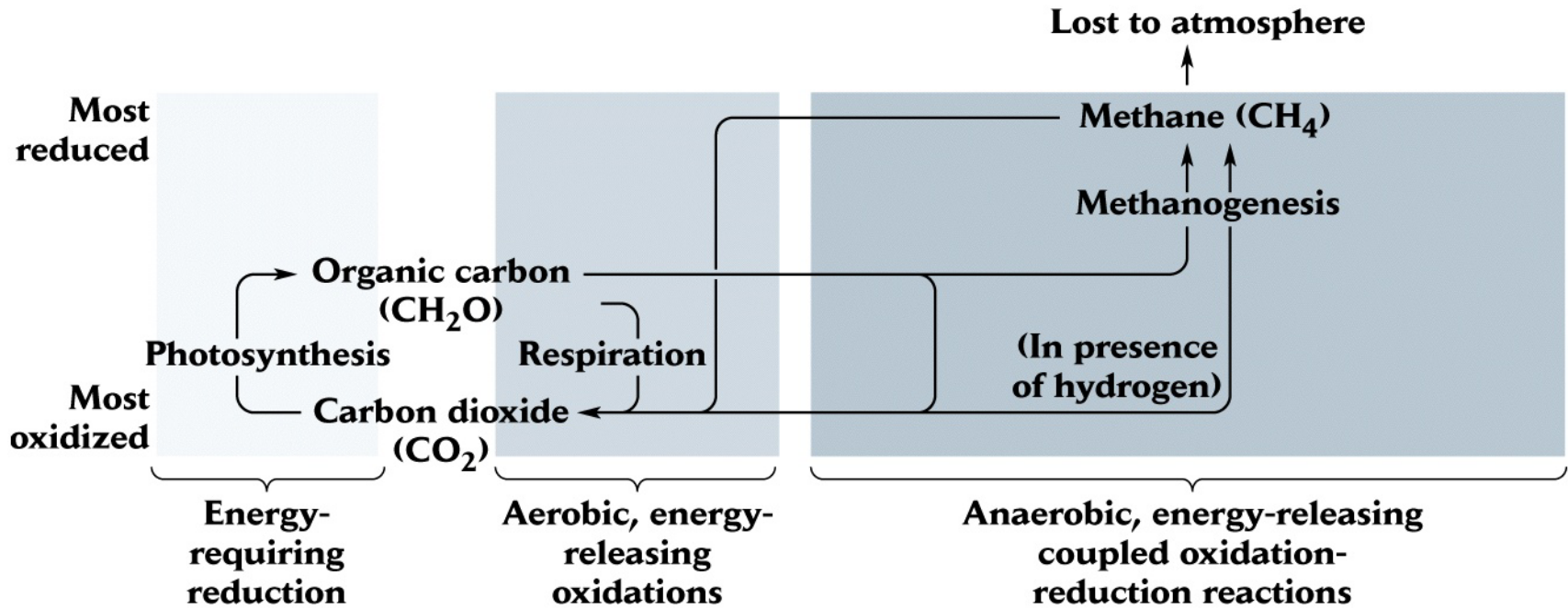


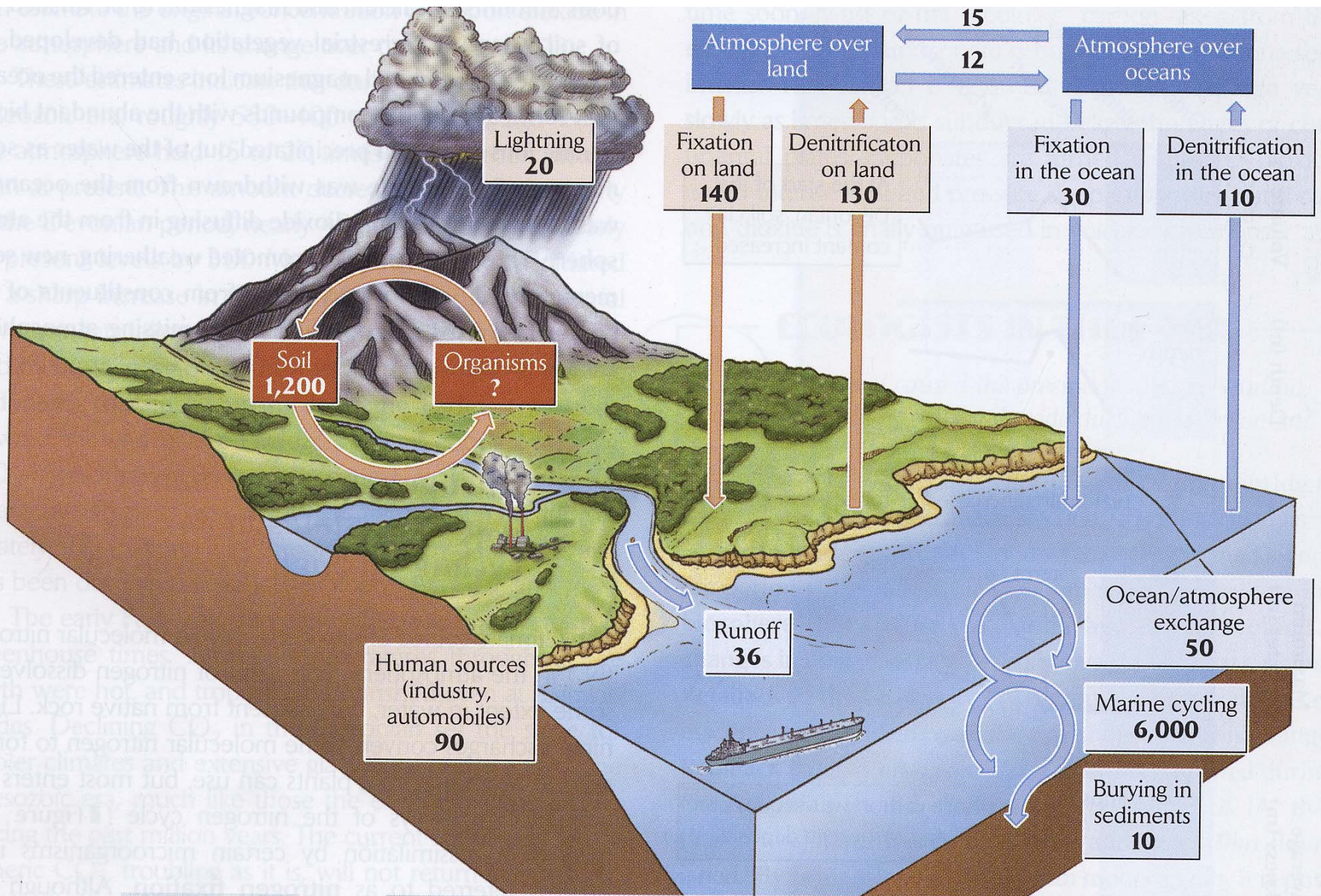
Figure 7.5



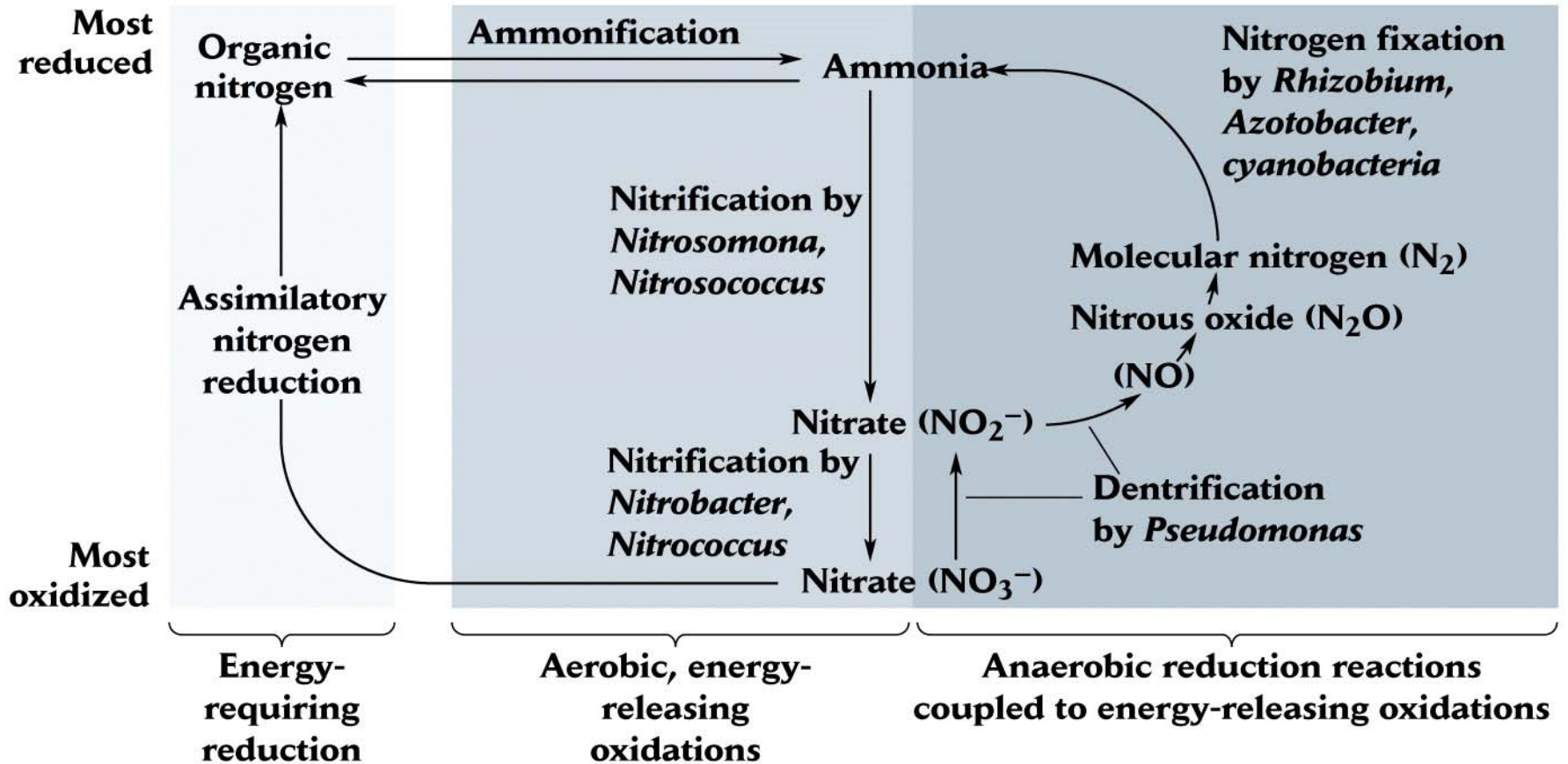
# Figure 7.6



# Figure 7.11a



# Figure 7.11b



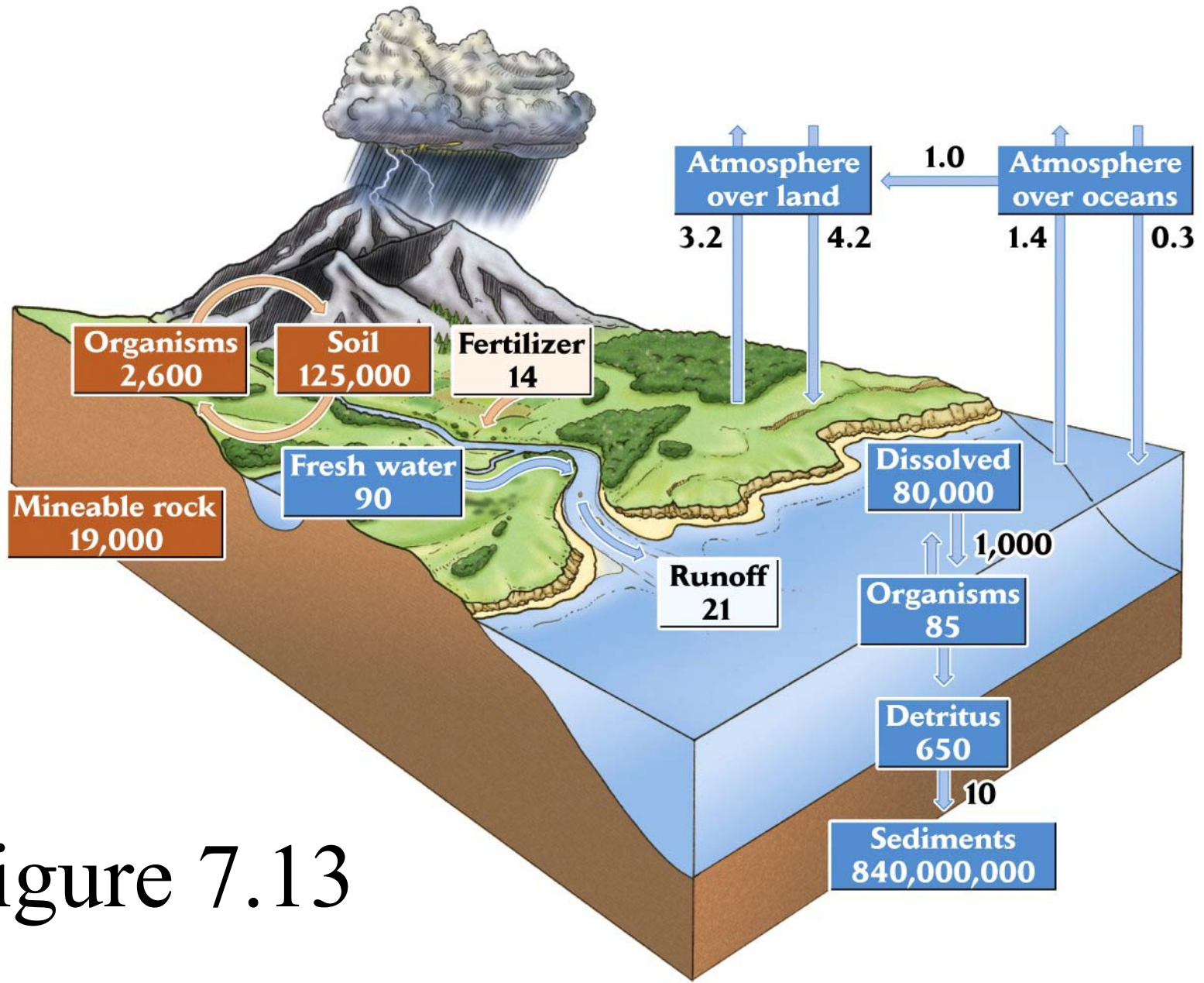


Figure 7.13

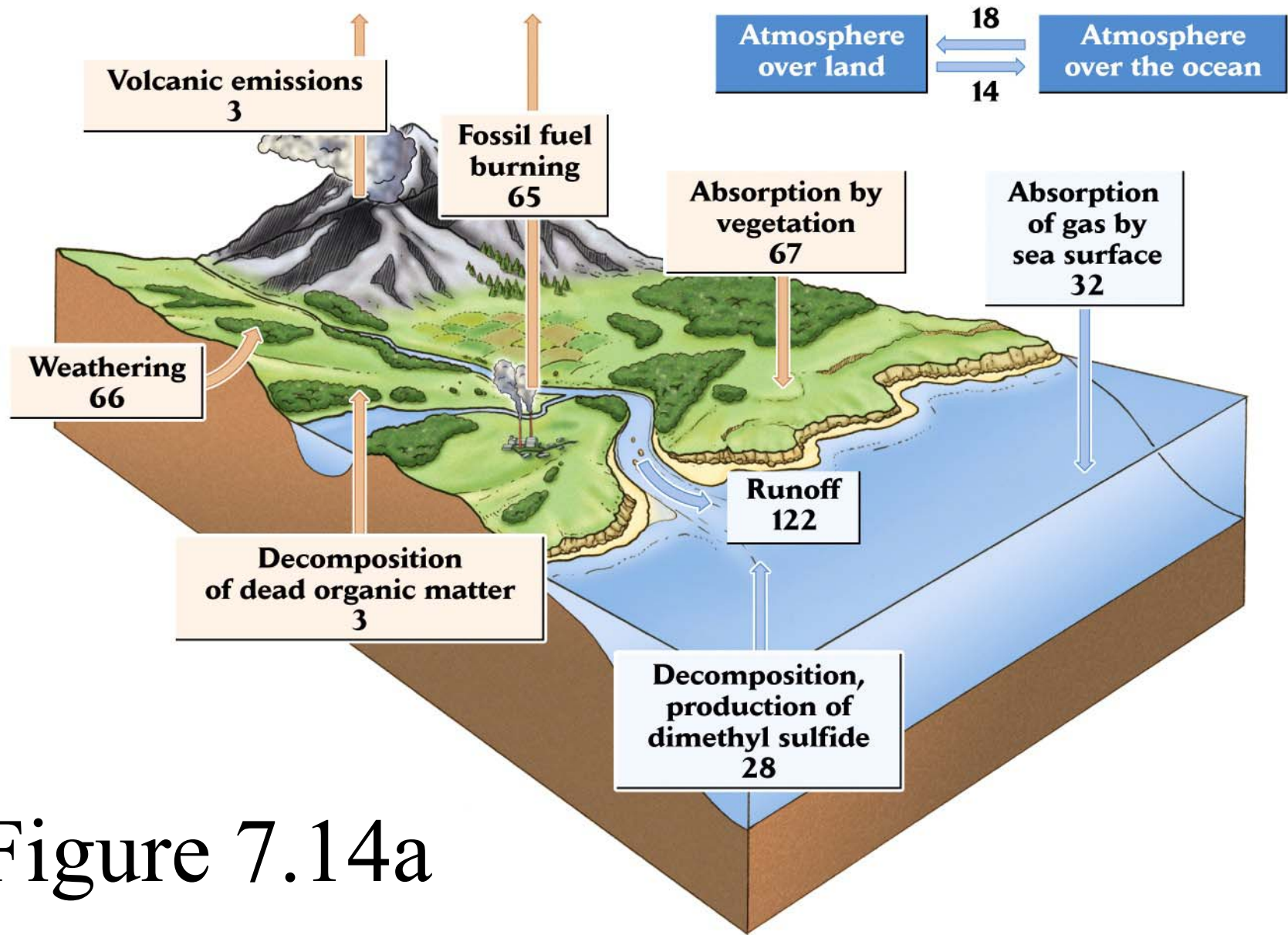


Figure 7.14a

# Figure 7.14b

